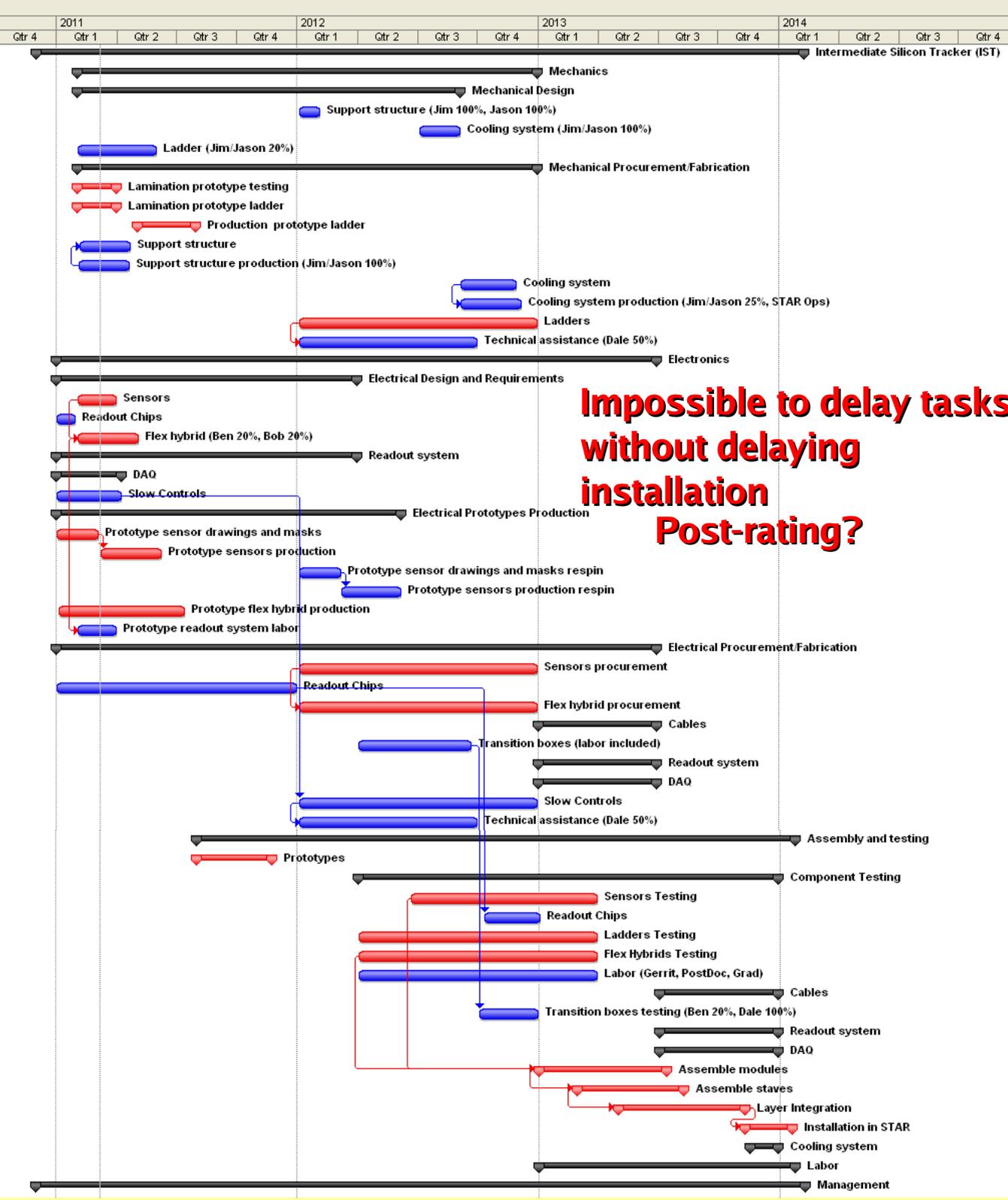


IST

Cost and Schedule

Gerrit van Nieuwenhuizen
HFT Management meeting
December 8, 2010

Task ID	WBS	Task Name
320	1.3	Intermediate Silicon Tracker (IST)
321	1.3.1	Mechanics
322	1.3.1.1	Mechanical Design
323	1.3.1.1.1	Support structure (Jim 100%, Jason 100%)
324	1.3.1.1.2	Cooling system (Jim/Jason 100%)
325	1.3.1.1.3	Ladder (Jim/Jason 20%)
326	1.3.1.2	Mechanical Procurement/Fabrication
327	1.3.1.2.1	Lamination prototype testing
335	1.3.1.2.2	Lamination prototype ladder
343	1.3.1.2.3	Production prototype ladder
366	1.3.1.2.4	Support structure
367	1.3.1.2.5	Support structure production (Jim/Jason 100%)
368	1.3.1.2.6	Cooling system
369	1.3.1.2.7	Cooling system production (Jim/Jason 25%, STAR Ops)
370	1.3.1.2.8	Ladders
371	1.3.1.2.9	Technical assistance (Dale 50%)
372	1.3.2	Electronics
373	1.3.2.1	Electrical Design and Requirements
374	1.3.2.1.1	Sensors
375	1.3.2.1.2	Readout Chips
376	1.3.2.1.3	Flex hybrid (Ben 20%, Bob 20%)
377	1.3.2.1.4	Readout system
384	1.3.2.1.5	DAQ
388	1.3.2.1.6	Slow Controls
389	1.3.2.2	Electrical Prototypes Production
390	1.3.2.2.1	Prototype sensor drawings and masks
391	1.3.2.2.2	Prototype sensors production
392	1.3.2.2.3	Prototype sensor drawings and masks respin
393	1.3.2.2.4	Prototype sensors production respin
394	1.3.2.2.5	Prototype flex hybrid production
395	1.3.2.2.6	Prototype readout system labor
396	1.3.2.3	Electrical Procurement/Fabrication
397	1.3.2.3.1	Sensors procurement
398	1.3.2.3.2	Readout Chips
399	1.3.2.3.3	Flex hybrid procurement
400	1.3.2.3.4	Cables
404	1.3.2.3.5	Transition boxes (labor included)
405	1.3.2.3.6	Readout system
411	1.3.2.3.7	DAQ
415	1.3.2.3.8	Slow Controls
416	1.3.2.3.9	Technical assistance (Dale 50%)
417	1.3.3	Assembly and testing
418	1.3.3.1	Prototypes
422	1.3.3.2	Component Testing
423	1.3.3.2.1	Sensors Testing
424	1.3.3.2.2	Readout Chips
425	1.3.3.2.3	Ladders Testing
426	1.3.3.2.4	Flex Hybrids Testing
427	1.3.3.2.5	Labor (Gerrit, PostDoc, Grad)
428	1.3.3.2.6	Cables
433	1.3.3.2.7	Transition boxes testing (Ben 20%, Dale 100%)
434	1.3.3.2.8	Readout system
442	1.3.3.2.9	DAQ
446	1.3.3.3	Assemble modules
453	1.3.3.4	Assemble staves
457	1.3.3.5	Layer Integration
464	1.3.3.6	Installation in STAR
467	1.3.3.7	Cooling system
47	1.3.3.8	Labor
475	1.3.4	Management

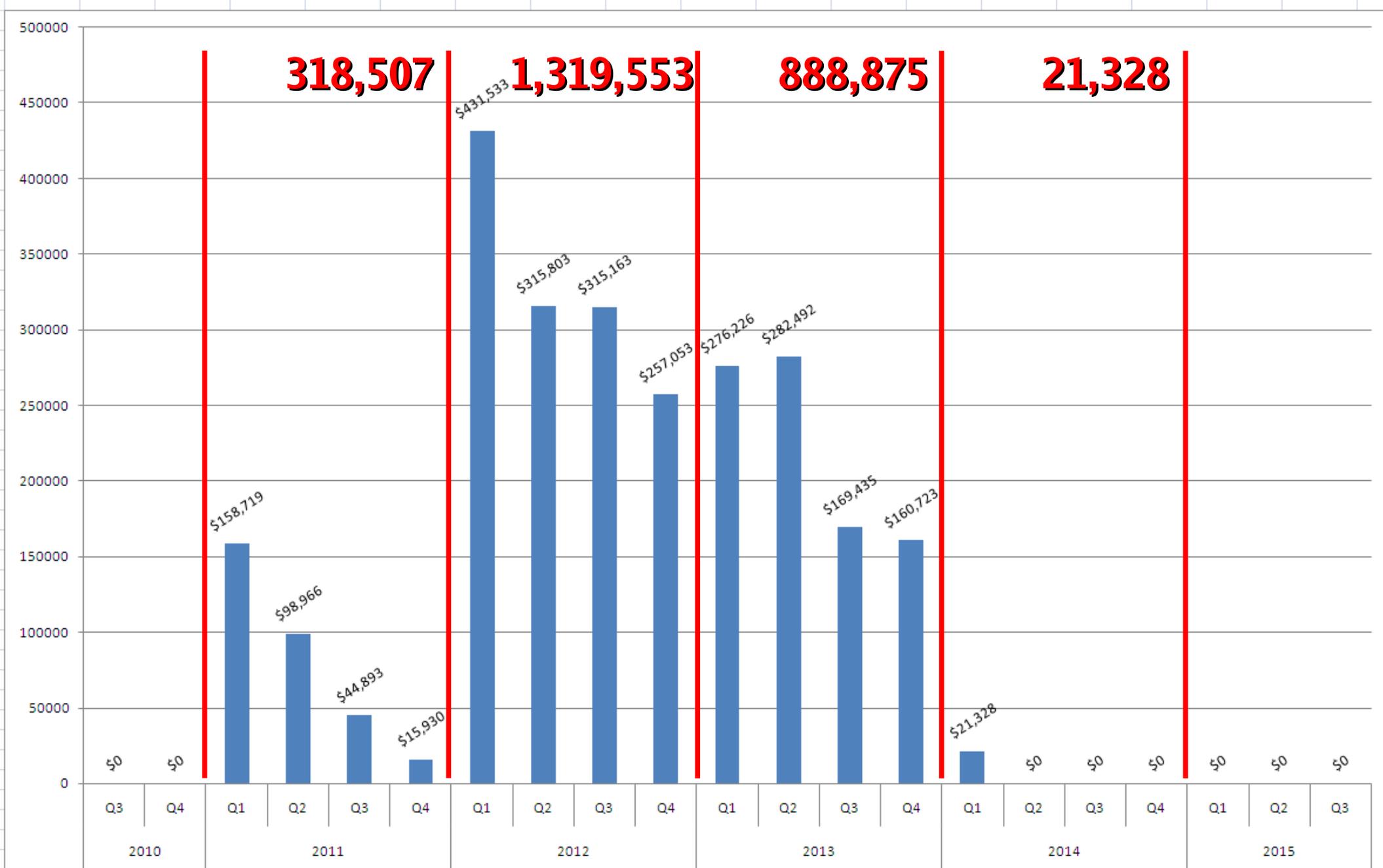


02

IST funding profile

\$2,548,263

(22% cont. = \$565,678)



IST resources

Human resources:

- ✦ **Bernd (Project Leadership, 20%)**
- ✦ **Gerrit (Technical Coordination, 80%)**
- PostDoc (?)**
- Grad Students (2---3)**
- ✦ **Jim/Jason (Mech Eng)**
- ✦ **Ben (Elec Eng)**
- ✦ **Dale Ross (Tech Support, bonding)**
- Bates Tech (bonding)**
- ✦ **Eric & Co (Carbon Fiber work)**

Infrastructure:

- ✦ **LNS Silicon Facility (Testing Sensors, Ladders, etc.)**
- ✦ **Bates Lab (Mech and Elec Fab)**
- ✦ **LBNL CFF (CF Ladders Fab)**
- ✦ **BNL Instr Div (Wire Bonding)**

IST Cost Estimate

Material cost

- Already procured (APV chips)
- Manufacturers quotes (Sensors)
- Estimates based on similar (Hybrids, Readout)
- Estimates by engineers (CF work, Cooling)

```

+++++++Mechanical prototypes+++++++
Lamination/Co-cure testing:
- 6tests @ 4hrs/test
- 24hrs MT4 = $2512
- $300 matl
Tooling for above:
- 16hrs Jr Machinist = $1702
- $150 matl (includes iteration)
-----> $4214 labor
          $450 material

Stave fabrication:
- 2 staves @ 40hrs/stave (includes all component fab and assy)
- 80hrs MT4 = $8372
- $2k matl
Tooling for above:
- 16hrs Jr Machinist = $1702
- 24hrs MT4 = $2512
- $400 matl
-----> $12586 labor
          $2400 material

Shipping: $200 (includes cool shipping container)

I can probably assure the MT4 (Mechanical Tech Level 4) (Tom) @ 25% or n
This is about $20k labor and $3k materials for 2 staves.

-----> $16,800 labor
          $ 3,050 material+shipping

+++++++Production prototypes+++++++
Tooling:
- 80hrs Jr Machinist = $8509
- $1.5k matl (vacuum chucks)
Tooling Prep/Assy:
- 24hrs MT4 = $2512
- $300 matl (guage pins, fasteners, vac fittings)
Tool Iteration/Modification:
- 40hrs MT4 = $4186
  
```

Labor

- Estimates based on similar (Assembly)
- Estimates by engineers (CF work at LBNL)

Hi Gerrit,

It is good to hear all of the proposed specs are acceptable. Pricing for this detector is as mentioned below. Regarding payment, we typically invoice the completed parts as they are shipped from NJ (net 30 days). As for the NRE fee I am checking with the factory when that portion of the order would need to be paid.

As for your comments regarding lead time, I am asking the factory if they think they can improve the lead time to meet your schedule and I will let you know there comments asap.

NRE fee: \$67,500.00
 6-8 pcs.: \$5,475.00 ea.
 192 pcs.: \$1,742.00 ea.

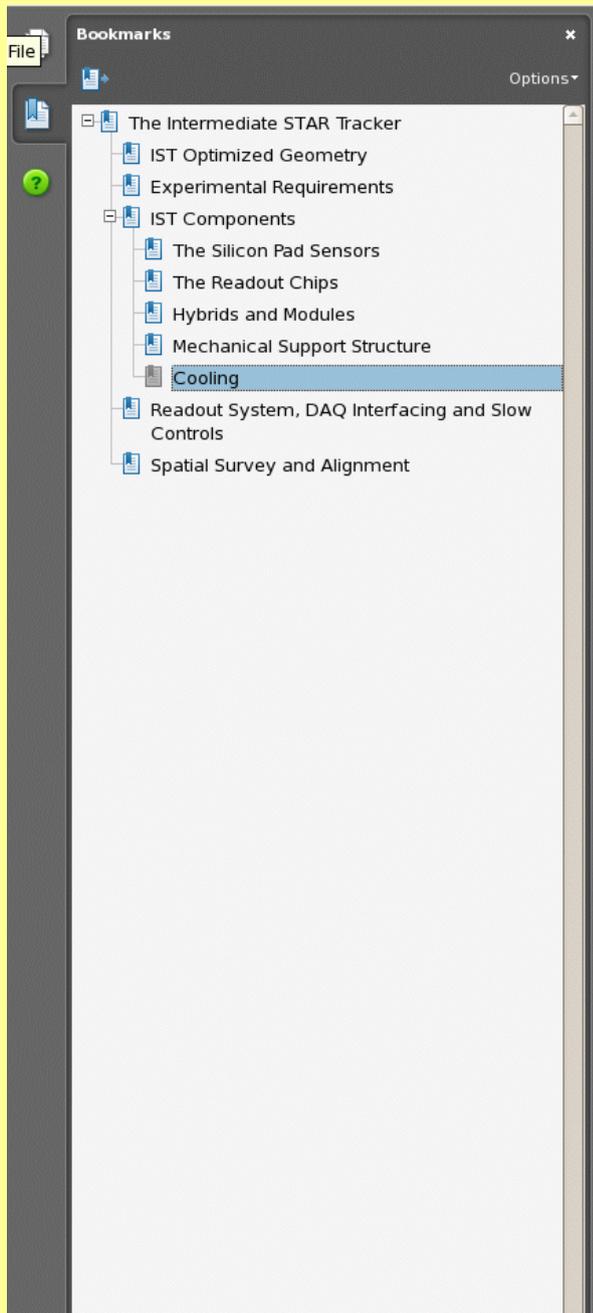
Please let me know if you need an official quote.

Best regards,
 Norm

Norm Schiller
 PHOTON IS OUR BUSINESS
 Executive Sales Engineer
 (P) 718.352.2026 | (F) 718.352.0823
<http://sales.hamamatsu.com>

Gerrit is clearing house for most of docs

IST Design status: TDR



1.3.5 Cooling

The only source of dissipation on the ladders is the 36 APV25-S1 readout chips. Although the nominal power consumption is about 300 mW per chip, the final power consumption depends on the capacitance of the attached sensor channels and consequently the optimal settings of the chip parameters. For safety margin a maximum dissipation of 550 mW per chip is assumed. This leads to a maximum dissipation of about 20 watt per ladder, 375 Watt for the whole IST barrel. Trying to cool this with air only was considered too daunting and liquid cooling channels were incorporated in the ladder design. The power dissipation of 20 Watt per ladder leads to about 0.8 mW per mm² dissipation if the heat would spread out isotropically. The placement of the cooling tube directly under the readout chips makes the cooling of the ladders manageable with a room temperature cooling system. The cooling system was designed to according to the specifications in table 2. The maximum temperature of the readout chip guarantees acceptable noise levels [?]. The inlet temperature is kept at 24°C, which is the same nominal temperature as of the STAR TPC inner filed cage and avoids condensation problems. Since the cooling lines will be of thin walled Aluminum

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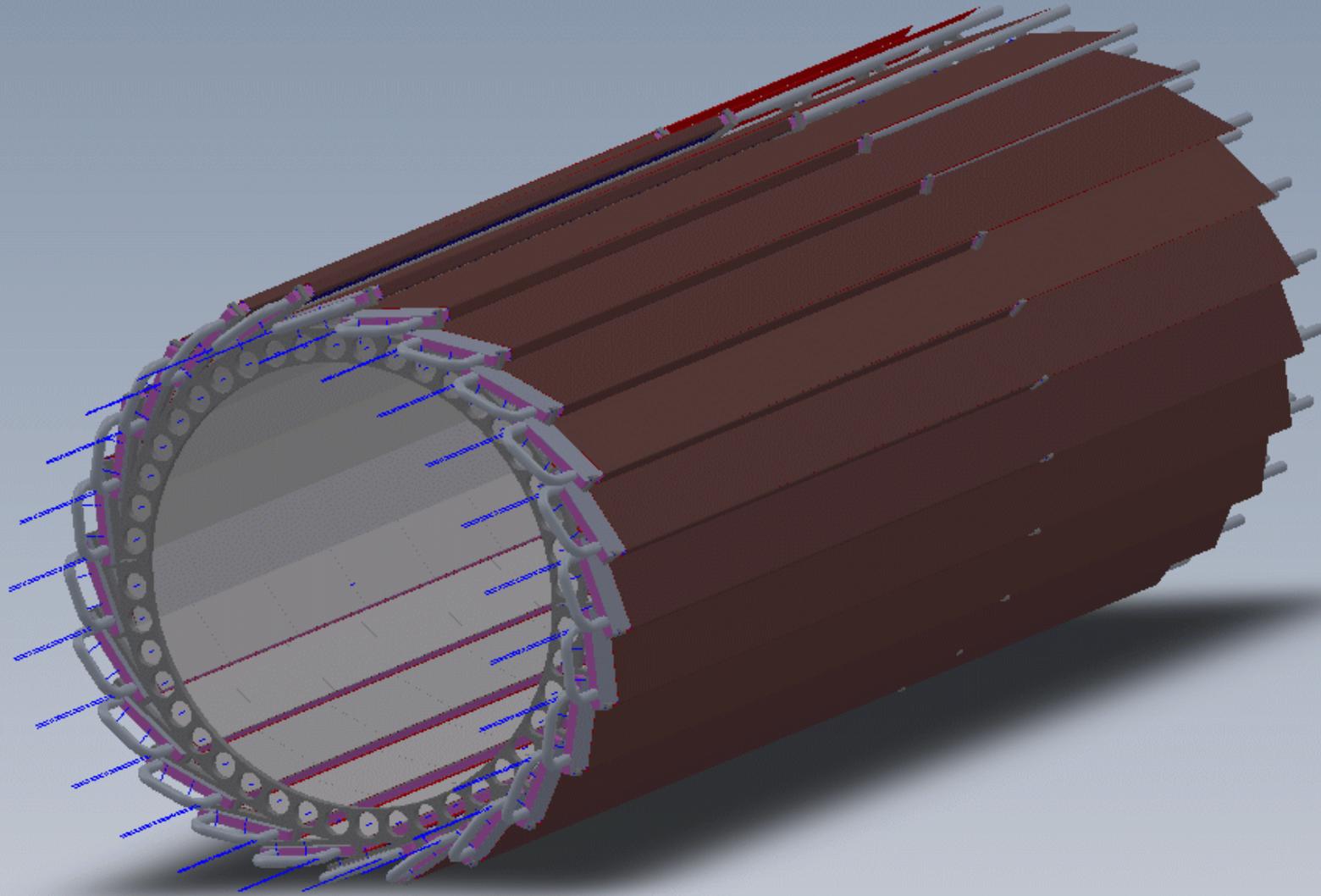
Maximum readout chip temperature	35°C
Cooling fluid velocity	0.3 - 3 m/s
Maximum pressure	0.2 MPa
Cooling fluid inlet temperature	24°C

Table 2: Cooling system specifications for the IST.

Cooling fluid	3M Novec 7200
Cooling fluid velocity	1 m/s
Maximum pressure	0.14 MPa
Calculated maximum temperature of readout chip	34.9°C

Table 3: Summary of the cooling test results for two IST ladders in series.

IST Design status: SolidWorks



IST Design status: Sensors

IST silicon pad sensor design for Hamamatsu quote

Silicon sensor size: 76.900mm x 40.000mm

Active area pitch: 6275um x 596um
 Edge structure left & right: 800um
 Top edge structure: 800um
 Bottom edge structure: 1056um
 12 columns x 64 rows

HamamatsuDesign_13May2010
 Latest Revision: 07/12/2010

IST sensor: detail bonding pads

Enlarged Area A

Area B around center signal bonding pads enlarged in another picture

Bias Ring
Guard Ring

Distances to bias and guard bonding pad edges measured from the center of the signal bonding pad area.
 Note: each signal bonding pad area will have 2 bias and 2 guard bonding pads to facilitate flexibility in assigning corresponding similar pads on the hybrid

HamamatsuDesign_Detail_14May2010
 Latest Revision: 05/27/2010
 Scale: 1cm =

IST silicon pad sensor: detail of center bonding pad area B

Bonding pad 62
Bonding pad 63
Bonding pad 64
Bonding pad 65

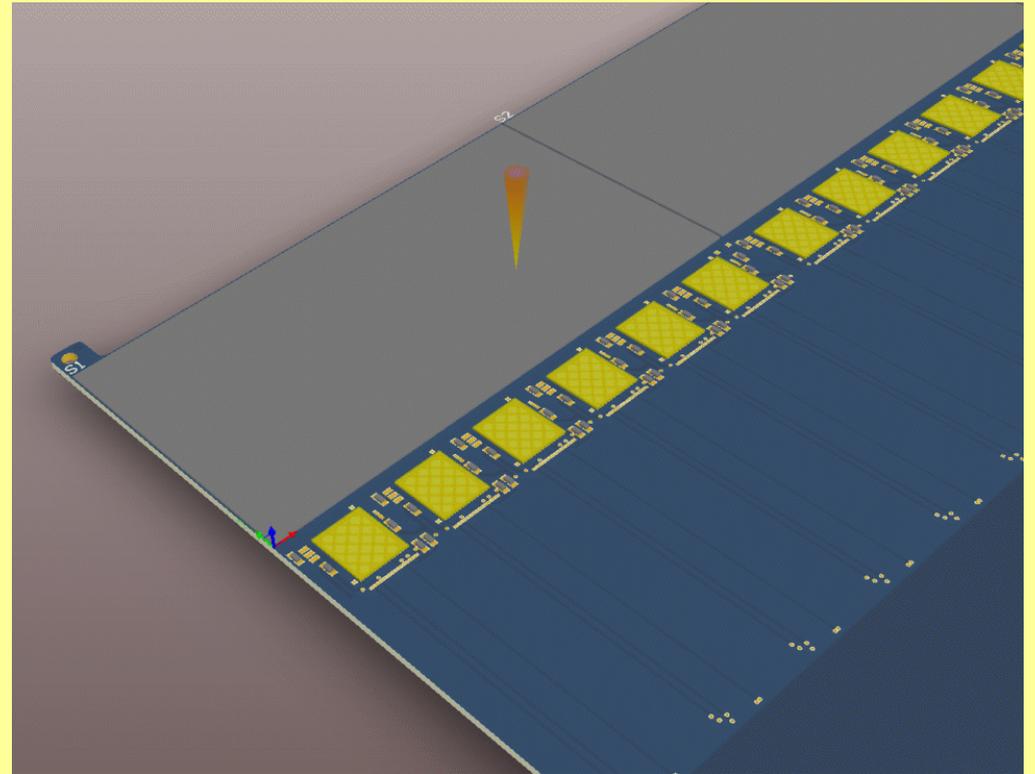
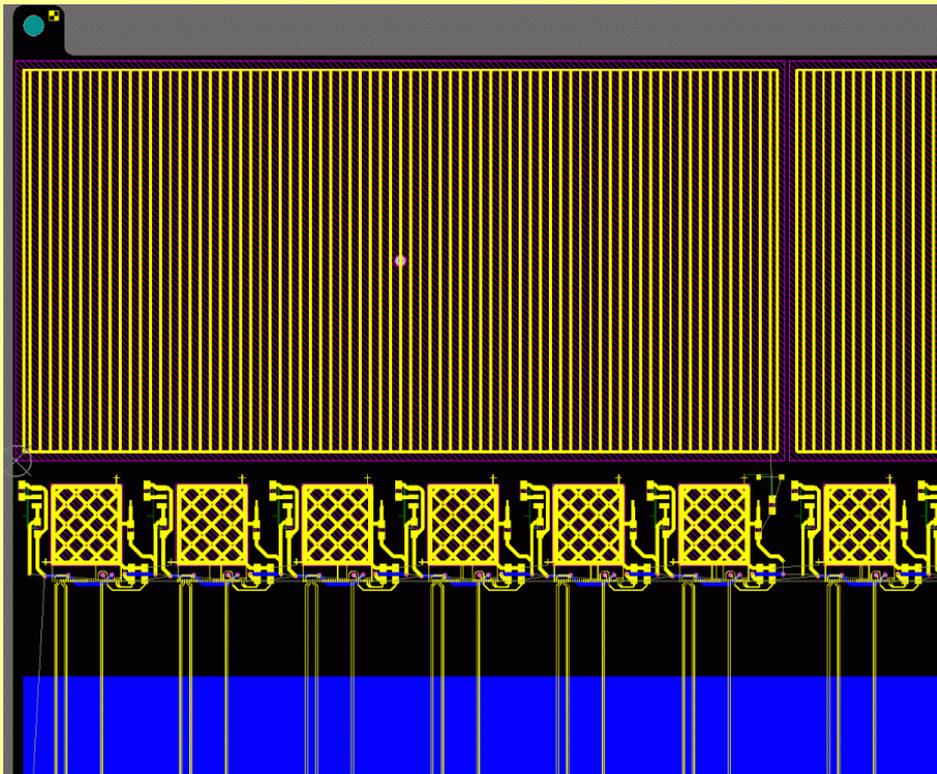
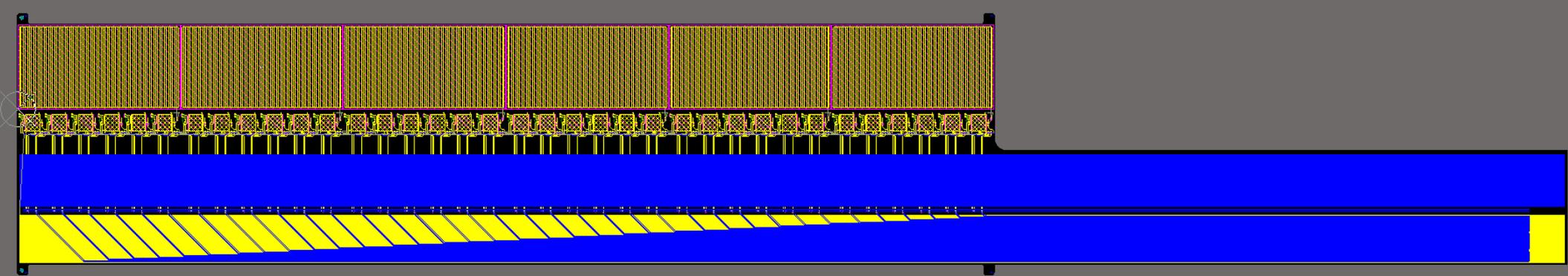
Centerline Bonding Pad Area indicated by cross hair

The B5 indicates that this is the middle of bonding pad area 5

Ham-Des-Details_02Jun2010
 Latest Revision: 06/03/2010
 Scale: 1cm = 20um

Preliminary designs approved by Hamamatsu engineers
 Final design (masks!) will take 1+1 months

IST Design status: Hybrid



Prototype design finished on January 14, 2010

Fully FGT parasitic

IST short term expenses

\$257,685

Sorry, not finished yet