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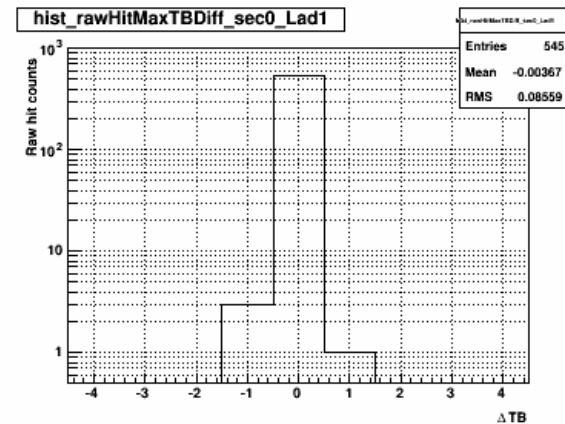
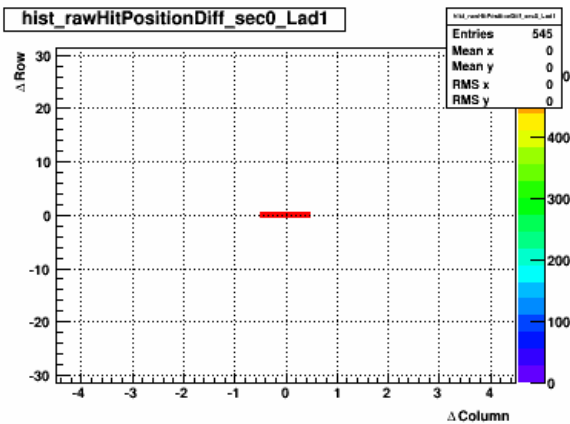
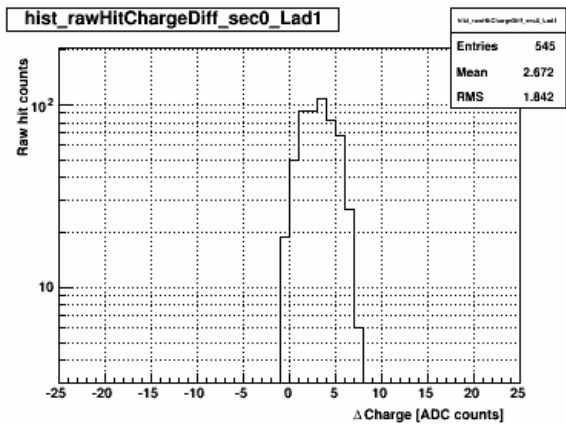
# IST ZS/nonZS data check

Yaping Wang (UIC)

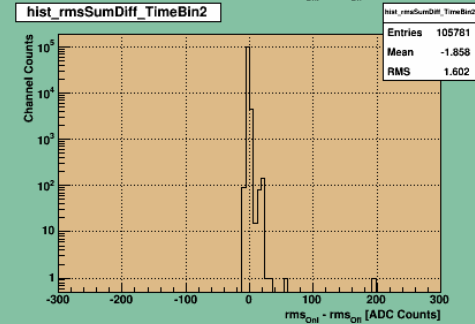
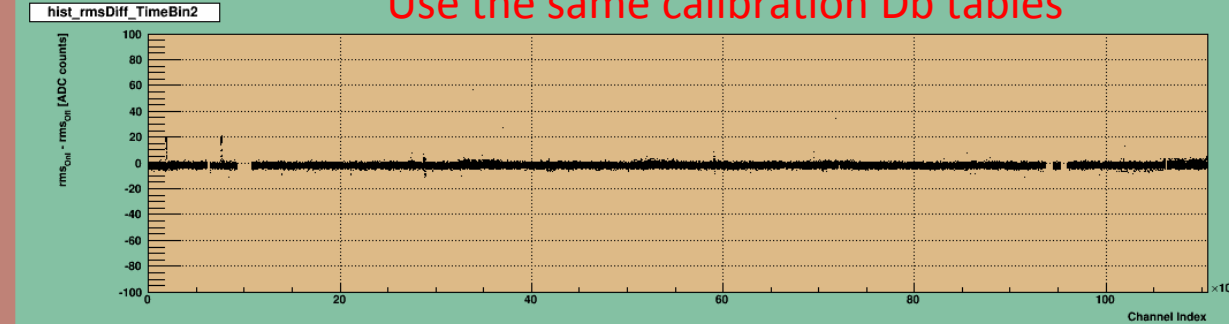
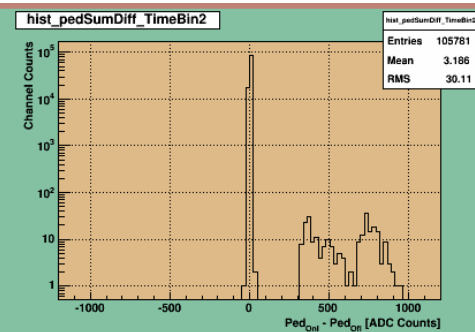
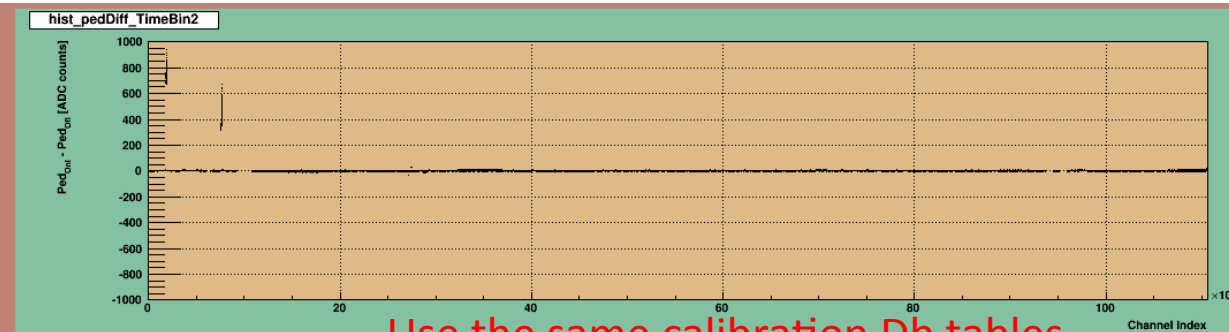
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# ZS/non-ZS data comparison (#15040003+#15040005+#15040006)

Matched raw hits comparison between ZS and non-ZS data:



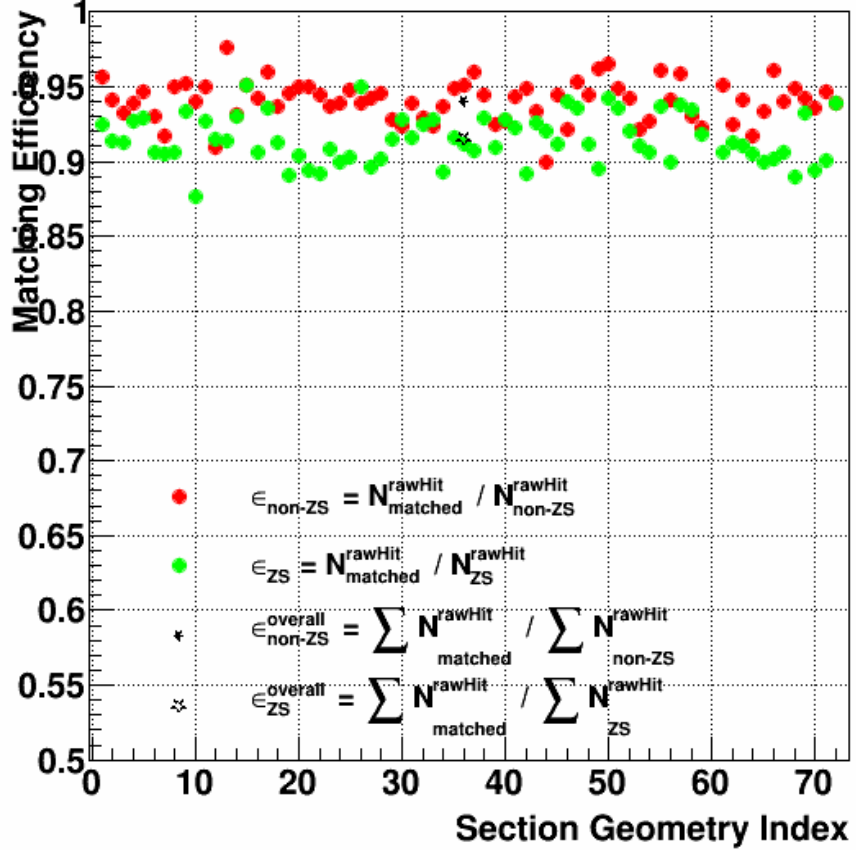
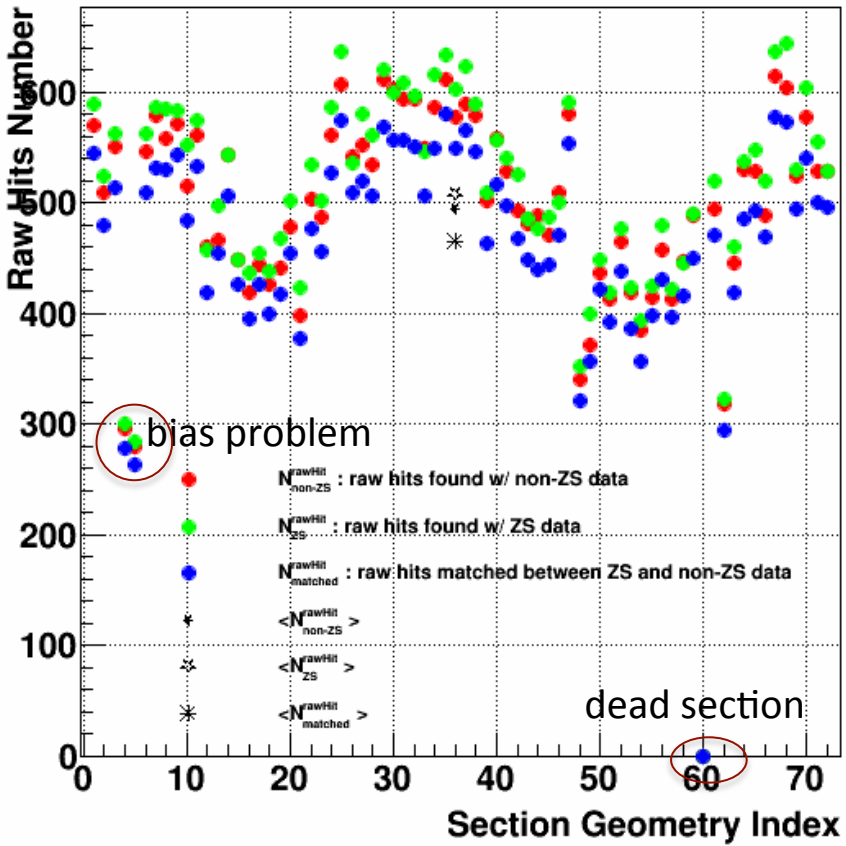
Calculated pedestal/RMS comparison between online (Tonko) and offline:



Use the same calibration Db tables

# ZS/non-ZS data comparison (#15040003+#15040005+#15040006)

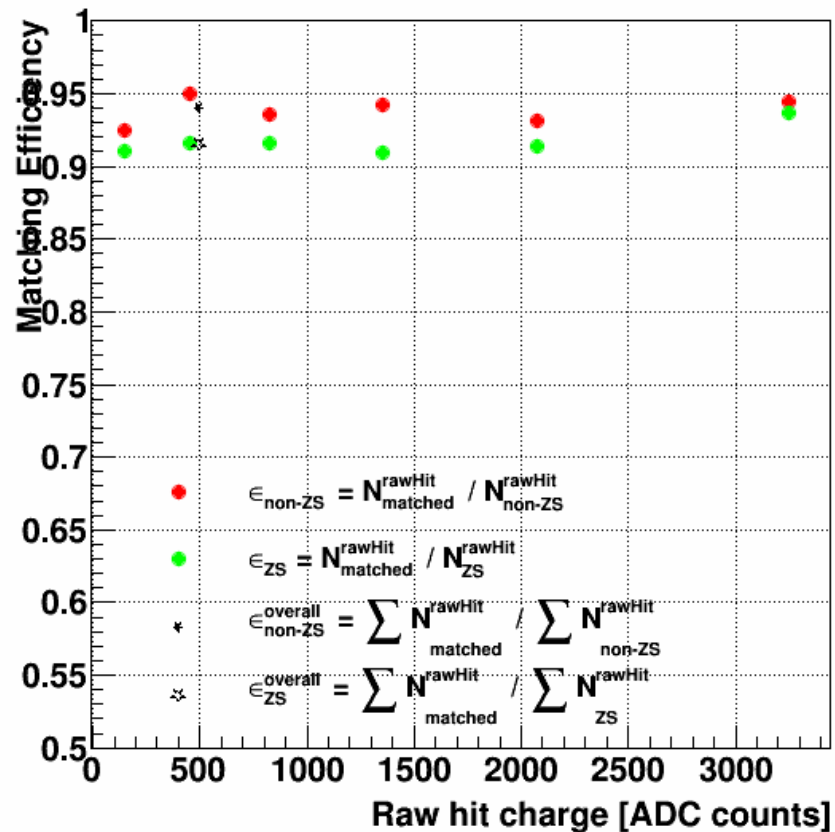
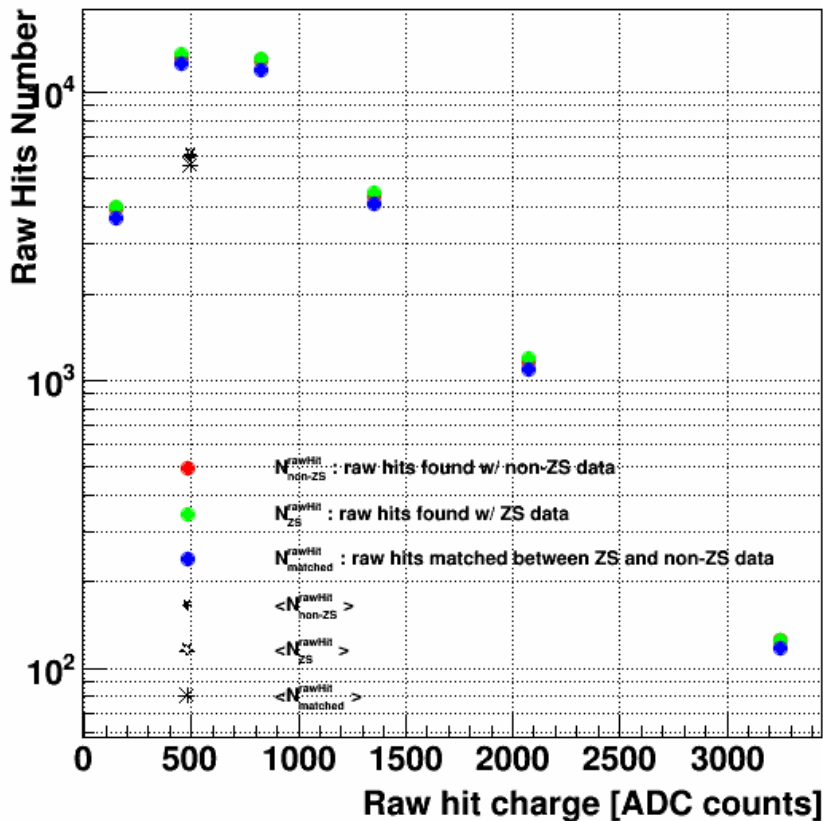
Found raw hits/matching efficiency vs different position (readout section):



The number of raw hits found in ZS data is a bit bigger than in non-ZS data (raw hits loss in non-ZS data). Because of the difference of the pedestal between online and offline calculation methods?

# ZS/non-ZS data comparison (#15040003+#15040005+#15040006)

Found raw hits/matching efficiency vs ADC range:



The number of raw hits found in ZS data is a bit bigger than in non-ZS data (raw hits loss in non-ZS data).

Six ADC ranges defined: (0, 300], (300, 600], (600, 1050], (1050, 1650], (1650, 2500], (2500, 4000]

# Pedestal/RMS calculation methods comparison

## Online (using pedestal run):

### 1. Accumulate event by event for each channel each time bin:

```
p->ped[arm][apv][ch][tb] += (float) adc ;  
p->rms[arm][apv][ch][tb] += (float) (adc * adc) ;  
p->cou[arm][apv][ch][tb]++ ;
```

### 2. Calculate pedestal/rms for each channel each time bin:

```
pp = ped->ped[arm][apv][ch][t]/(double) ped->cou[arm][apv][ch][t];  
rr = ped->rms[arm][apv][ch][t]/(double) ped->cou[arm][apv][ch][t];  
rr = sqrt(rr - pp*pp) ;  
ped->ped[arm][apv][ch][t] = pp ;  
ped->rms[arm][apv][ch][t] = rr ;
```

### 3. Average pedestal/RMS over all time bins for each channel:

```
ped += p->ped[arm][apv][c][t] ;  
rms += p->rms[arm][apv][c][t] ;  
cou_tb++ ;  
ped /= cou_tb ;  
rms /= cou_tb ;
```

### 4. Threshold setting for each channel:

```
p->thr[arm][apv][c] = (u_short) (ped + rms * n_sigma + 0.5) ;
```

### 5. Do ZS for each channel each time bin (if any **adc > p->thr**):

```
*d16++ = (short)((float)f[i_save+i].adc - p->thr->ped[arm][apv][ch][i] + 0.5);
```

3.0

## Offline (using non-ZS data of physics run):

### 1. Fill histograms event by event for each channel each time bin:

```
int code = k1stNumTimeBins * eleclD + t;  
TH1F* histPed = mHistPedVec[ code ];  
histPed->Fill( (float)adc );
```

### 2. Exclude possible signal entries for each channel each time bin:

```
TH1F *histPed = *mHistPedVecIter;  
float meanPed = histPed->GetMean();  
float rmsPed = histPed->GetRMS();  
histPed->GetXaxis()->SetRangeUser(meanPed-mPedCut*rmsPed,  
meanPed+mPedCut*rmsPed); // mPedCut = 3.0
```

### 3. Get Mean/RMS as pedestal/RMS for each channel each time bin:

```
meanPed = histPed->GetMean();  
rmsPed = histPed->GetRMS();
```

### 4. Average pedestal/RMS over all time bins for each channel:

```
averagePed += pedestal[TB]/numTimeBins;  
averageRms += rms[TB]/numTimeBins;
```

### 5. Do pedestal subtraction:

```
signalCorrected[channel][timebin] =  
(float)signalUncorrected[channel][timebin] - mPedVec[eleclD];
```