

Proton Elastic Scattering at very low $-t$ region

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Subtitle “Carbon and Banana, and RHIC polarization”

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Outline

- Theoretical background on elastic scattering process, and previously obtained experimental results
 - helicity amplitudes, hadron spin flips amplitudes, Pomerons/Reggeons exchange
- Aspects for the proton polarimetry in high energy spin physics
- Experimental techniques (setup, complex)
 - pC CNL measurements at RHIC, AGS
 - pp CNL measurements with H Jet target
- Recent results from Run-2004
- Issues and Plans

Introduction for proton elastic scattering

Proton-proton elastic scattering

based on PLD59, 114010
N.H.Buttimore et al (1999)

- Measurement of helicity amplitudes at high energy
 → dynamical mechanism in asymptotic region
- 5 independent amplitudes ϕ_i (6^{th} exists for non-identical particles scattering)

①② ③④

The region at RHIC

$$|t| \ll m \ll \sqrt{s}$$

double spin flip $\phi_2(s,t) = \langle + + |M| - - \rangle$

total cross-section (optical theorem)

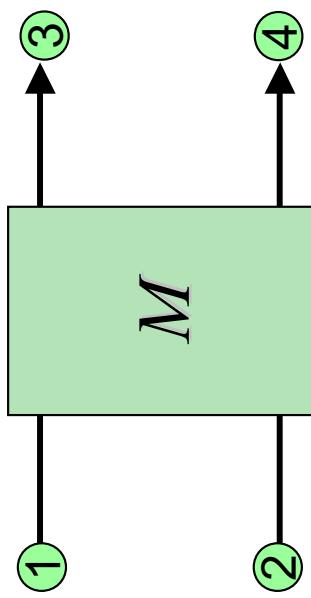
$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = \frac{4\pi}{s} \text{Im}[\phi_1(s,t) + \phi_3(s,t)] \Big|_{t=0}$$

double spin flip $\phi_4(s,t) = \langle + - |M| - + \rangle$

differential cross-section

single spin flip $\phi_5(s,t) = \langle + + |M| + - \rangle$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dt} = \frac{2\pi}{s^2} \{ |\phi_1|^2 + |\phi_2|^2 + |\phi_3|^2 + |\phi_4|^2 + 4|\phi_5|^2 \}$$



In case of, $\rho + \text{Spin}0$
Only “Non-flip” or “Single-flip” exist

Spin dependent asymmetries

- Use initial state polarization of beams
- 7 spin independent asymmetries (A_N, A_{LS} 's degenerate for identical particles)

$$A_N \frac{d\sigma}{dt} = -\frac{4\pi}{s^2} \text{Im}\{\phi_5^*(\phi_1 + \phi_2 + \phi_3 - \phi_4)\}$$

$$A_{NN} \frac{d\sigma}{dt} = \frac{4\pi}{s^2} \{2|\phi_5|^2 + \text{Re}(\phi_1^* \phi_2 - \phi_3^* \phi_4)\},$$

$$A_{SL} \frac{d\sigma}{dt} = \frac{4\pi}{s^2} \text{Re}\{\phi_1 \phi_2^* + \phi_3 \phi_4^*\},$$

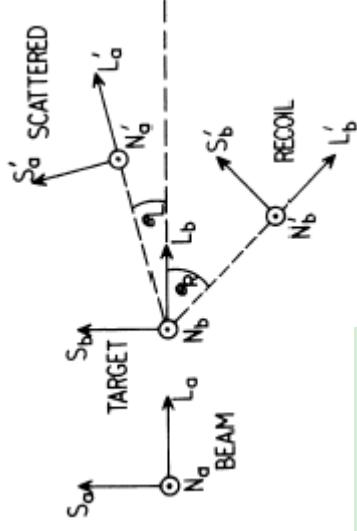
$$\phi_+ = \frac{1}{2}(\phi_1 + \phi_3), \quad \phi_- = \frac{1}{2}(\phi_1 - \phi_3),$$

Cross section diff's. (Longitudinal/Transverse)

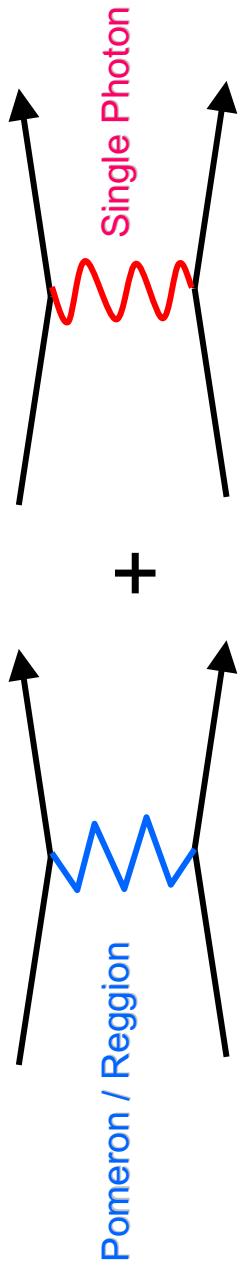
$$\frac{\text{Im } \phi_-(s,0)}{\text{Im } \phi_+(s,0)} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta \sigma_L(s)}{\sigma_{\text{tot}}(s)}, \quad \Delta \sigma_L = \sigma_{\leftarrow} - \sigma_{\rightarrow},$$

$$\frac{\text{Im } \phi_2(s,0)}{\text{Im } \phi_+(s,0)} = -\frac{\Delta \sigma_T(s)}{\sigma_{\text{tot}}(s)}, \quad \Delta \sigma_T = \sigma_{\uparrow\downarrow} - \sigma_{\uparrow\uparrow}.$$

- Needs substantial measurements far from Experimental situation
- Only A_N (analyzing power) extensively measured



Interference of Hadronic/Electromagnetic



around $t \sim -10^{-3}$ (GeV/c) 2 $A_{\text{hadronic}} \approx A_{\text{Coulomb}}$
 \rightarrow Interference

CNI = Coulomb – Nuclear Interference

$$\phi_i \rightarrow \phi_i^{had} + \phi_i^{em} \exp(i\delta)$$

Single photon exchange is approximated

Hadronic amplitude

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_1^{\text{em}} &= \phi_3^{\text{em}} = -\frac{\alpha s}{t} F_1^2 & \phi_2^{\text{em}} &= -\phi_4^{\text{em}} = \frac{\alpha s K^2}{4m^2} F_2^2 \\ \phi_5^{\text{em}} &= -\frac{\alpha s K}{2m\sqrt{-t}} F_1 F_2\end{aligned}$$

simple Pomeron pole + something (one model)

$$\text{Im } \phi_+^{AS}(s) = a_{PS} + a_{FS} \ln^2 s$$

F_1, F_2 : proton em form factors

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 F_1, F_2 : proton em form factors
 κ : anomalous magnetic moment
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Spin flip amplitude (r_5) and $A_N(t)\rho\rho$

Asymptotic behavior of non-dominant amplitudes

$$r_2 = R_2 + iI_2 = \frac{\phi_2}{2 \operatorname{Im} \phi_+}$$

$$r_- = R_- + iI_- = \frac{\phi_-}{\operatorname{Im} \phi_+}$$

$$r_4 = R_4 + iI_4 = -\frac{m^2 \phi_4}{t \operatorname{Im} \phi_+}$$

$$r_5 = R_5 + iI_5 = \frac{m \phi_5}{\sqrt{-t} \operatorname{Im} \phi_+}$$

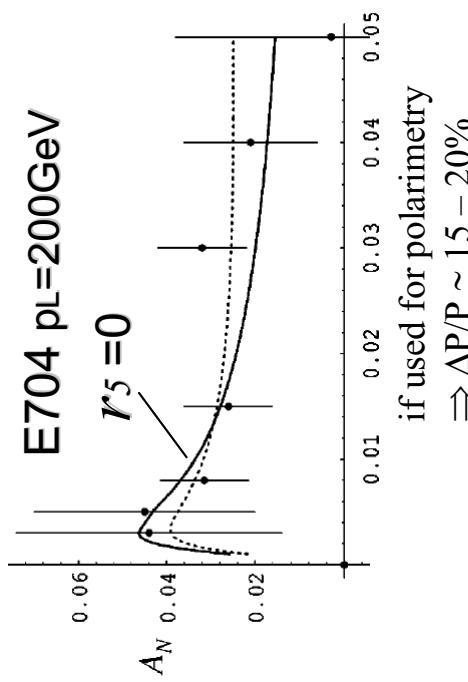
$$A_N = \frac{\operatorname{Im}\{(2\phi_+ + 2e^{i\delta}\phi_+^{\text{em}} + \phi_2) * (\phi_5 + e^{i\delta}\phi_5^{\text{em}})\}}{|\phi_+ + e^{i\delta}\phi_+^{\text{em}}|^2 + |\phi_-|^2 + (1/2)|\phi_2|^2 + 2|\phi_5 + e^{i\delta}\phi_5^{\text{em}}|^2}$$

$$\frac{mA_N}{\sqrt{-t}} \frac{16\pi}{\sigma_{\text{tot}}^2} \frac{d\sigma}{dt} e^{-Bt} = [\kappa(1 - \delta\rho + \operatorname{Im} r_2 - \delta \operatorname{Re} r_2)$$

$$- 2(\operatorname{Im} r_5 - \delta \operatorname{Re} r_5)] \frac{t_c}{t} - 2(1$$

$$+ \operatorname{Im} r_2) \operatorname{Re} r_5 + 2(\rho + \operatorname{Re} r_2) \operatorname{Im} r_5$$

$$\frac{16\pi}{\sigma_{\text{tot}}^2} \frac{d\sigma}{dt} e^{-Bt} = \left(\frac{t_c}{t}\right)^2 - 2(\rho + \delta) \frac{t_c}{t} + (1 + \rho^2)(1 + \beta^2)$$



δ, ρ known, $\beta=0$, r_i set to 0 (except r_5)
 $t_c = -8\pi\alpha/\sigma_{\text{tot}}$
 r_5 is the one parameter left, A_N is function of t

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Extension to $p+C$ elastic scattering

- similar form as $\rho\rho$
- substantially modified by nuclear effects

- $A_N(t)$ sensitive to r_5

$$\frac{16\pi}{(\sigma_{tot}^{pC})^2} \frac{d\sigma_{pC}}{dt} A_N^{pC}(t) =$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\sqrt{-t}}{m_N} F_C^h(t) \left\{ F_C^{em}(t) \frac{t_c}{t} [\kappa(1 - \delta_{pC}\rho_{pC}) \right. \\ & \quad \left. - 2(\text{Im } r_5^{pC} - \delta_{pC}\text{Re } r_5^{pC})] - 2F_A^h(t)(\text{Re } r_5^{pC} - \rho_{pC}\text{Im } r_5^{pC}) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{16\pi}{(\sigma_{tot}^{pC})^2} \frac{d\sigma_{pC}}{dt} =$$

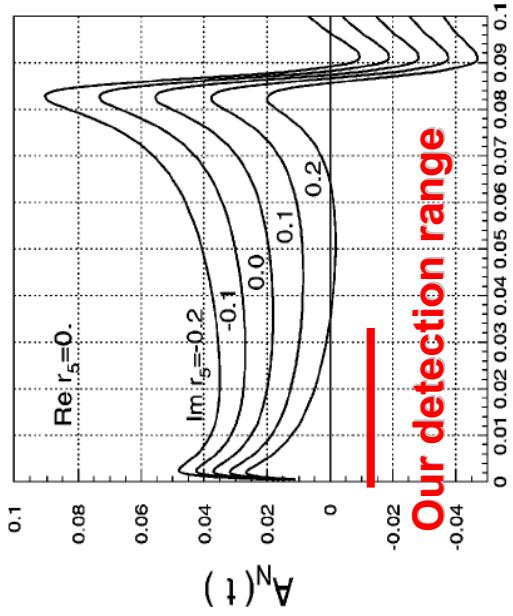
$$(\frac{t_c}{t})^2 [F_C^{em}(t)]^2 - 2(\rho_{pC} + \delta_{pC})(\frac{t_c}{t}) F_C^h(t) F_C^{em}(t) + (1 + \rho_{pC}^2 - \frac{t}{m_p^2} |r_5^{pC}|^2) [F_C^h(t)]^2$$

F_C^{em}, F_C^h Form factors (Electromagnetic, Hadronic)

$$r_5^{pC}(t) = \frac{1 - i\rho_{pC}(t)}{1 - i\rho_{pN}} r_5$$

From the fit to $A_N(t)$, determination of r_5 and comparison with $\rho\rho$ scattering is possible

based on PLD64,034004
B.Z. Kopeliovich et al (2001)

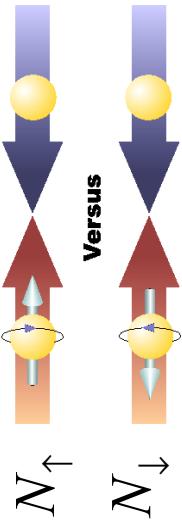
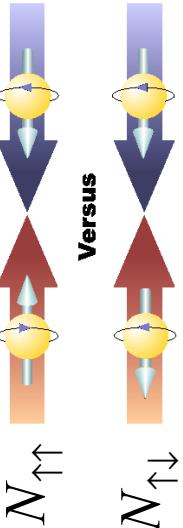


Our detection range

Proton Polarimeter Important Device for the RHIC Spin Physics

Polarimeter : Impact on the RHIC Spin project

RHIC-Spin is the first Polarized-Proton collider ($E_B = 100\text{-}250\text{GeV}$)

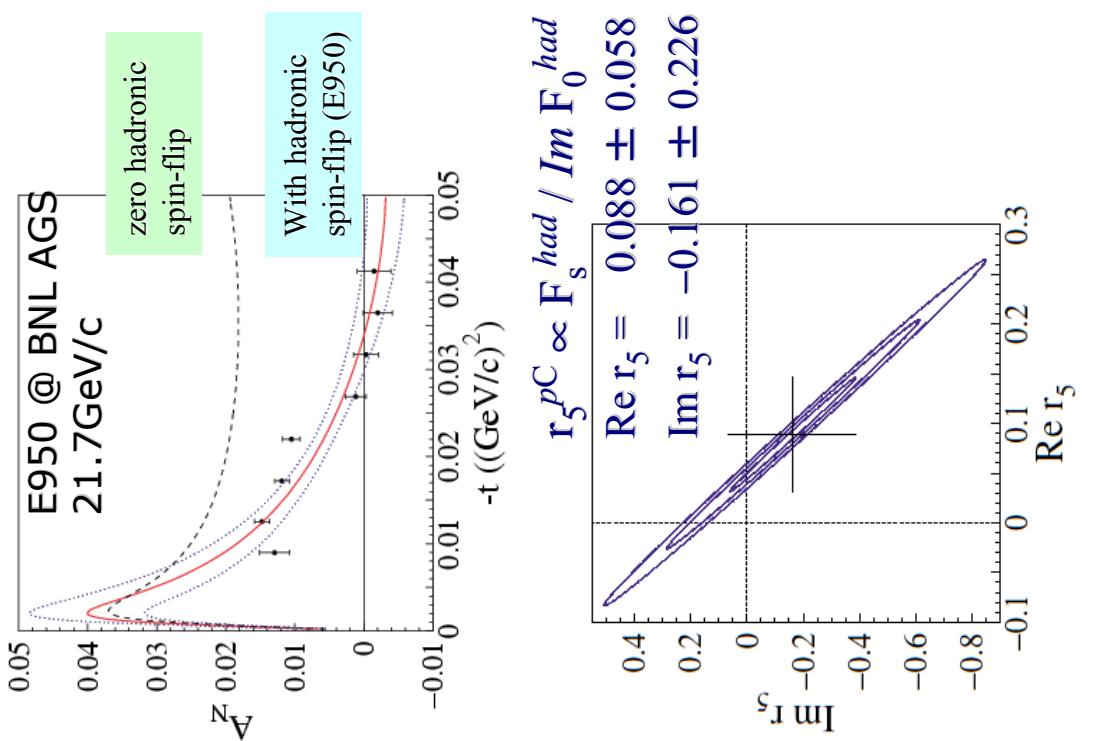
Single Spin	Physics Asymmetry	
	$A_L = \frac{1}{P_B} \left(\frac{N_\uparrow - N_\downarrow}{N_\uparrow + N_\downarrow} \right) = \epsilon_L$	
Double Spin		
	$A_{LL} = \frac{1}{P_B^2} \left(\frac{N_{\uparrow\uparrow} - N_{\uparrow\downarrow}}{N_{\uparrow\uparrow} + N_{\uparrow\downarrow}} \right) = \epsilon_{LL}$	

Same for other Spin configurations (AN, ATT, etc)

- To obtain the physics quantity, the raw asymmetry ($=\epsilon$) needs to be normalized by beam polarization
- Scaling correction, but generally P_B changes time to time
- Reliable and quick proton polarimeter is essential for diagnosing, monitoring the beam polarization, requires $dP/P < 5\%$

E950 measurement at AGS

- A_N measurement for elastic $\vec{p} + C$ scattering
- 21.7 GeV/c polarized proton beam, calibrated with separate polarimeter (E925) using extracted AGS beam
- Large contribution ($\sim 15\%$) from hadronic spin-flip amplitude



- Constraint
 - Close to the RHIC injection energy (24 GeV/c), but one step smaller than the last strong intrinsic resonance
 - $\sim 30\%$ measurement error is tied to the ambiguity of beam polarization (E925)

Pomeron spin flip amplitude

based on hep-ph/0305085
T.L.Truemann (2003)

Introduce t independent parameter

$$\tau(s) = r_5^{pC}(s, t)/(i + \rho_{pC}(s, t)) \quad \phi_5(s, t) = \tau(s) \frac{\sqrt{-t}}{m} \phi_+(s, t)$$

Analogy to the non-flip scattering
($p\bar{p}$ elastic, dominated by $|l|=0$ exchange)

$$\phi_5(s, t) = \frac{\sqrt{t}}{m} \{\tau_P \phi_P(s) + \tau_f \phi_f(s) + \tau_\omega \phi_\omega(s)\}$$

$\phi_P(s), \phi_f(s), \phi_\omega(s)$: form established
 τ 's are real numbers

Once these parameters are determined,
 $A_N(t)$ at any energy (s) can be predicted

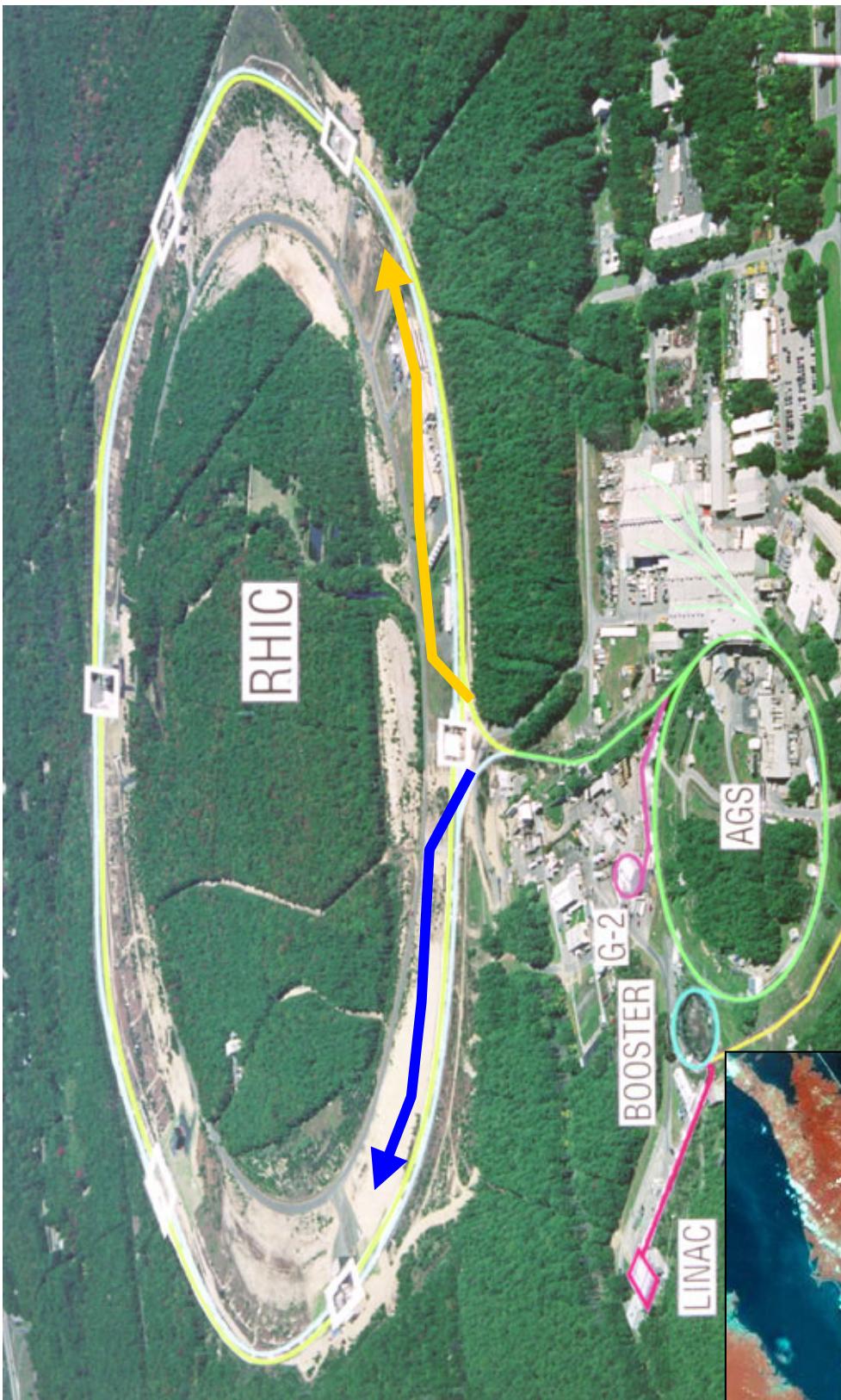
In hep-ph/0305085

from results τ (e950) (2eq.), and
the shape of A_N at 100GeV (Run2002) (1eq.)

$$\tau_P = -0.02, \quad \tau_f = -0.43, \quad \tau_\omega = 0.03 \quad \text{with large ambiguity}$$

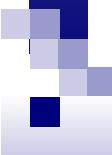
Experimental Techniques (Setup, Complex)

RHIC/AGS at Brookhaven National Laboratory

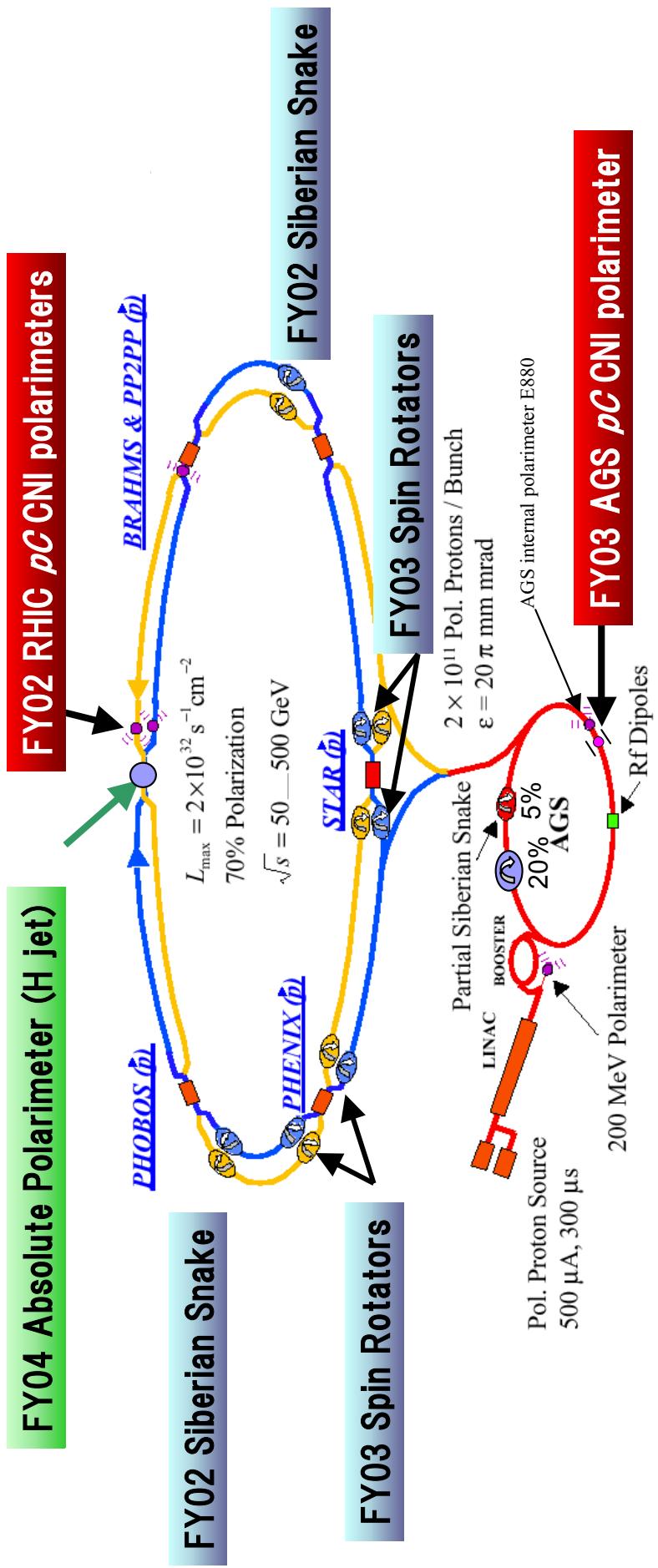


RHIC is visible from air-plane





RHIC varieties of components for pp-mode



Full Siberian Snakes : Cold helical dipole magnets

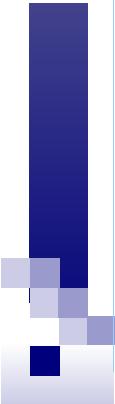
Avoid all spin resonances
keep polarization at store

longitudinal spin direction at collision point

Spin Rotators :

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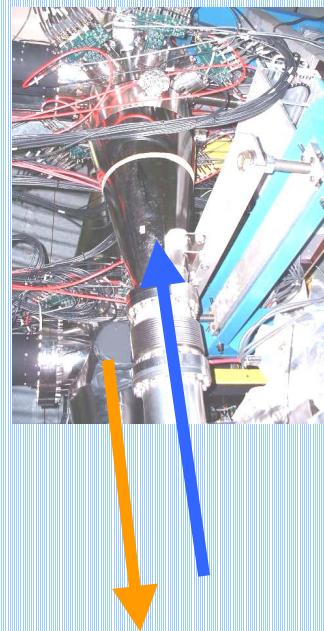
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Trilogy of CNI polarimetry

RHIC – polarimeters

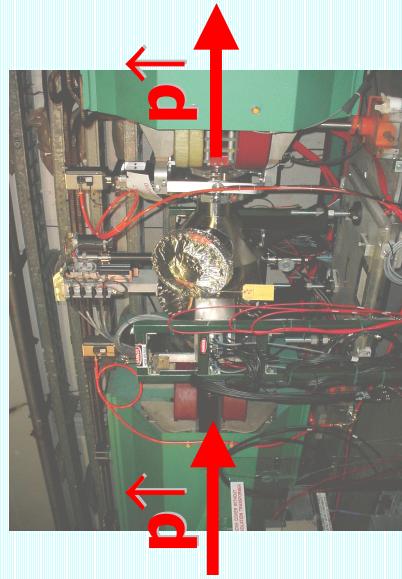
Quick and stable measurements
Provide polarization info for experiments
Goal is $\Delta p/p=5\%$, needs to be calibrated



Inside the RHIC tunnel at IP12 area

AGS – polarimeter

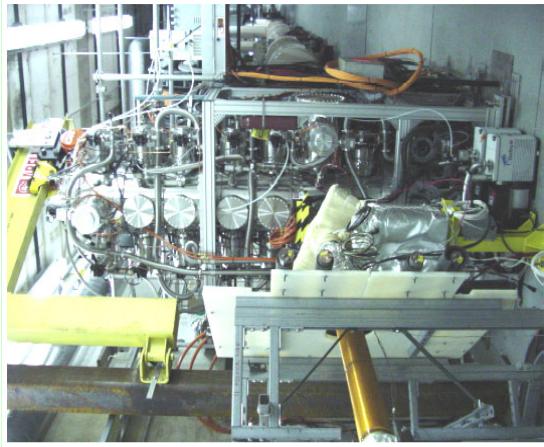
Diagnostic device for the polarization in AGS acceleration



Inside the AGS tunnel at C15

Hydrogen Gas JET target polarimeter

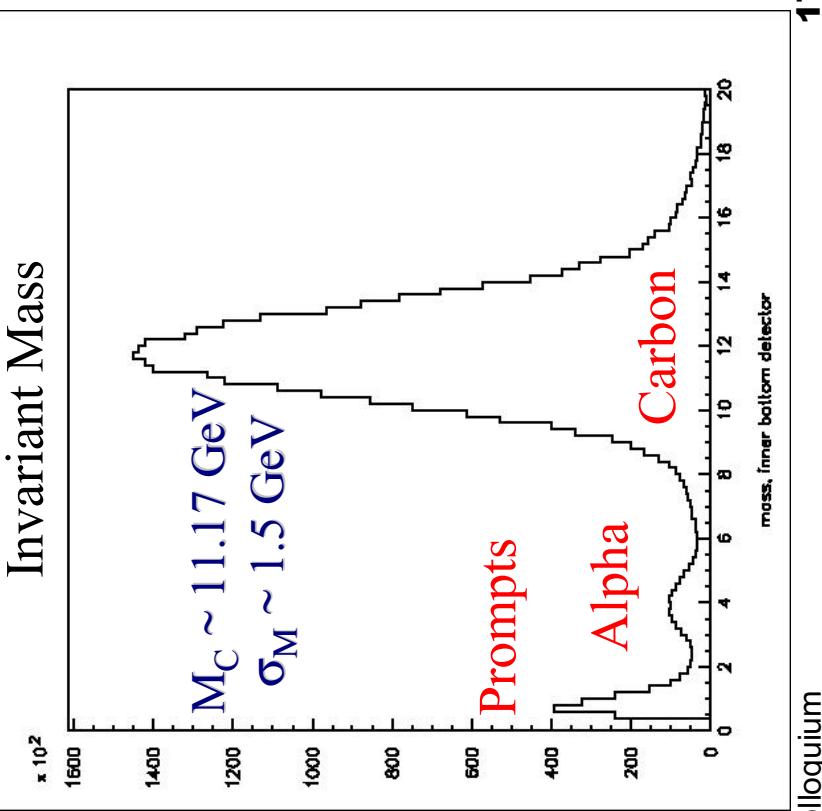
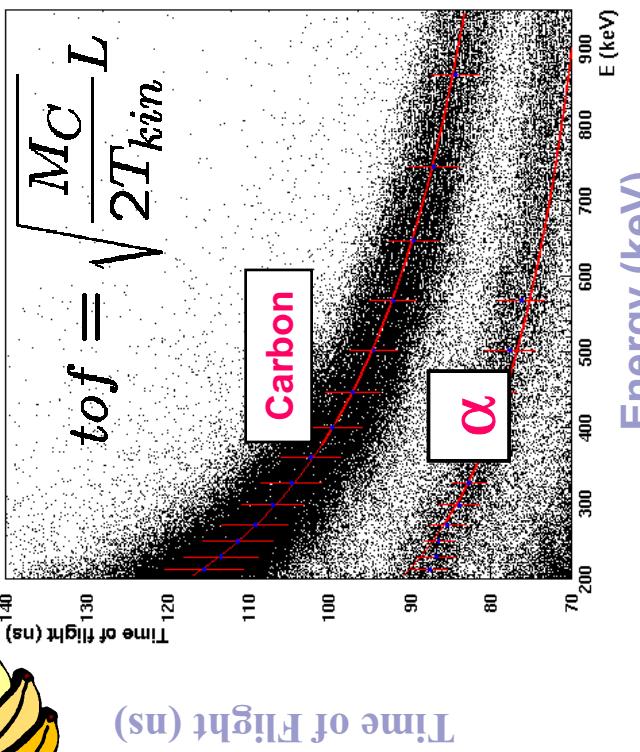
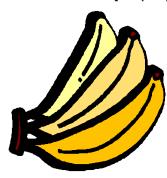
Consists of $95\pm1\%$ polarized H jet target and $p\bar{p} \rightarrow p\bar{p}$ elastic polarimeter
Provide beam polarization without ambiguity from theoretical model
(firstly commissioned at Run-04)



Event selection

- Strong correlation : Kinetic relation (TOF vs. Energy) of recoil particle
- Banana cut can identify the carbon (\equiv mass cut)
- Back ground < a few %

non-relativistic kinematics

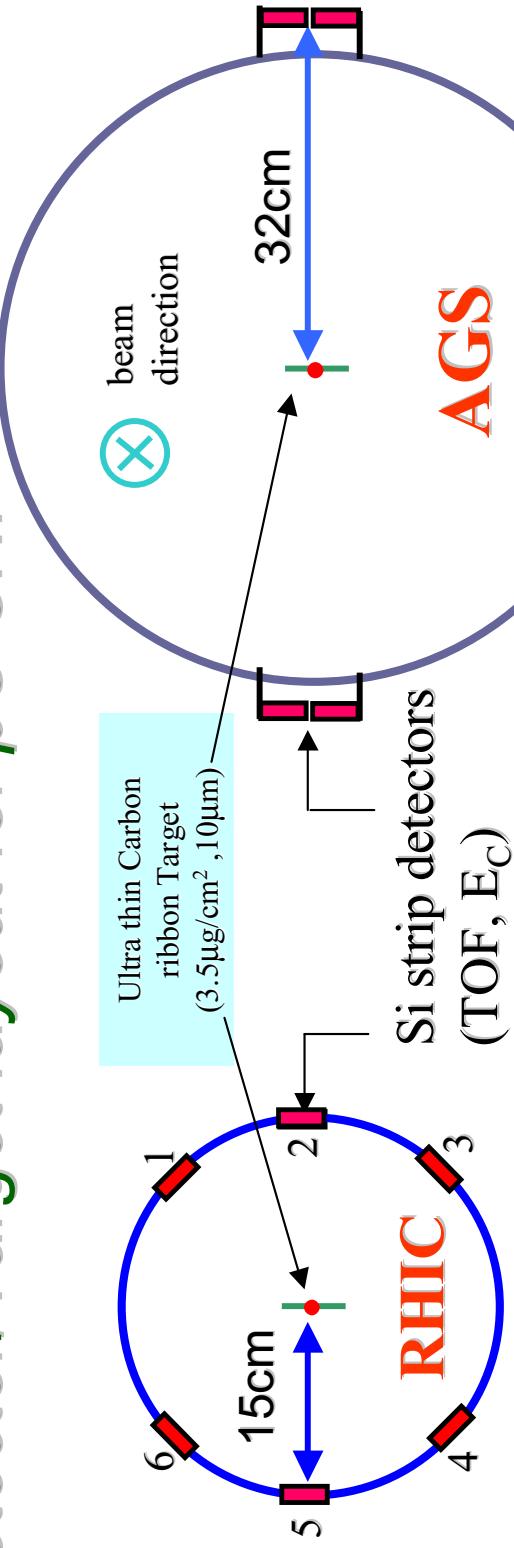


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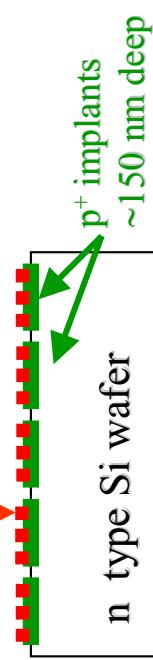
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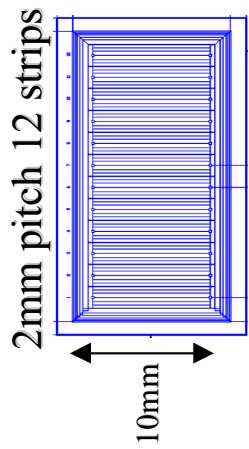
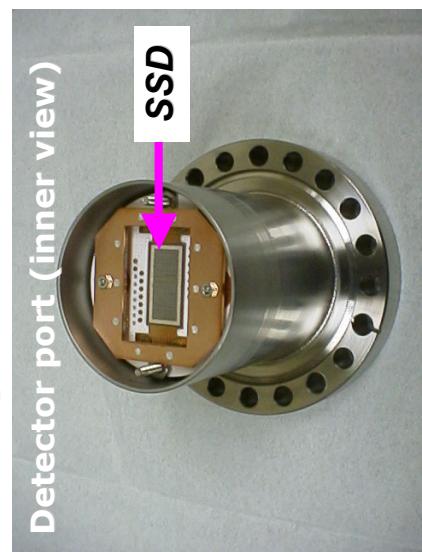
Detector/Target layout for pC CN



charge collection Al electrodes



n^+ implants and Al backplane



- Distance: optimized for bunch crossing period
- 45 degree Si : sensitive to vertical components

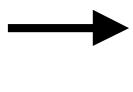
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The Atomic H Beam

Hyperfine state
(1), (2), (3), (4)



(1), (2)

RF transitions

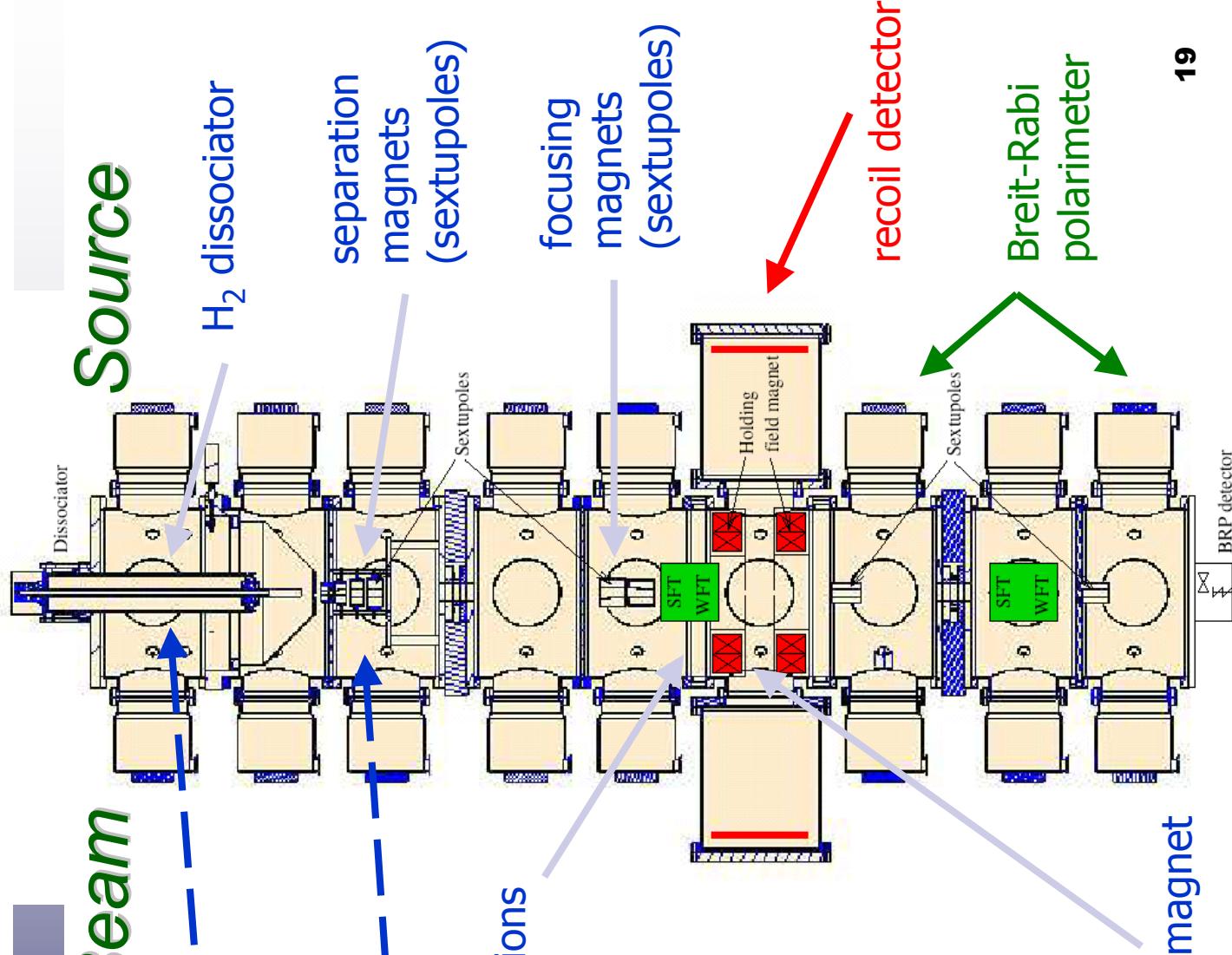
Pz+ : (1), (4) (SFT ON (2)→(4))

Pz- : (2), (3) (WFT ON (1)→(3))

Pz0: (1), (2), (3), (4)

(SFT & WFT ON)

record beam intensity
100% eff. RF transitions
focusing high intensity
B-R polarimeter



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Recoil Si spectrometer

6 Si detectors covering blue beam

MEASURE

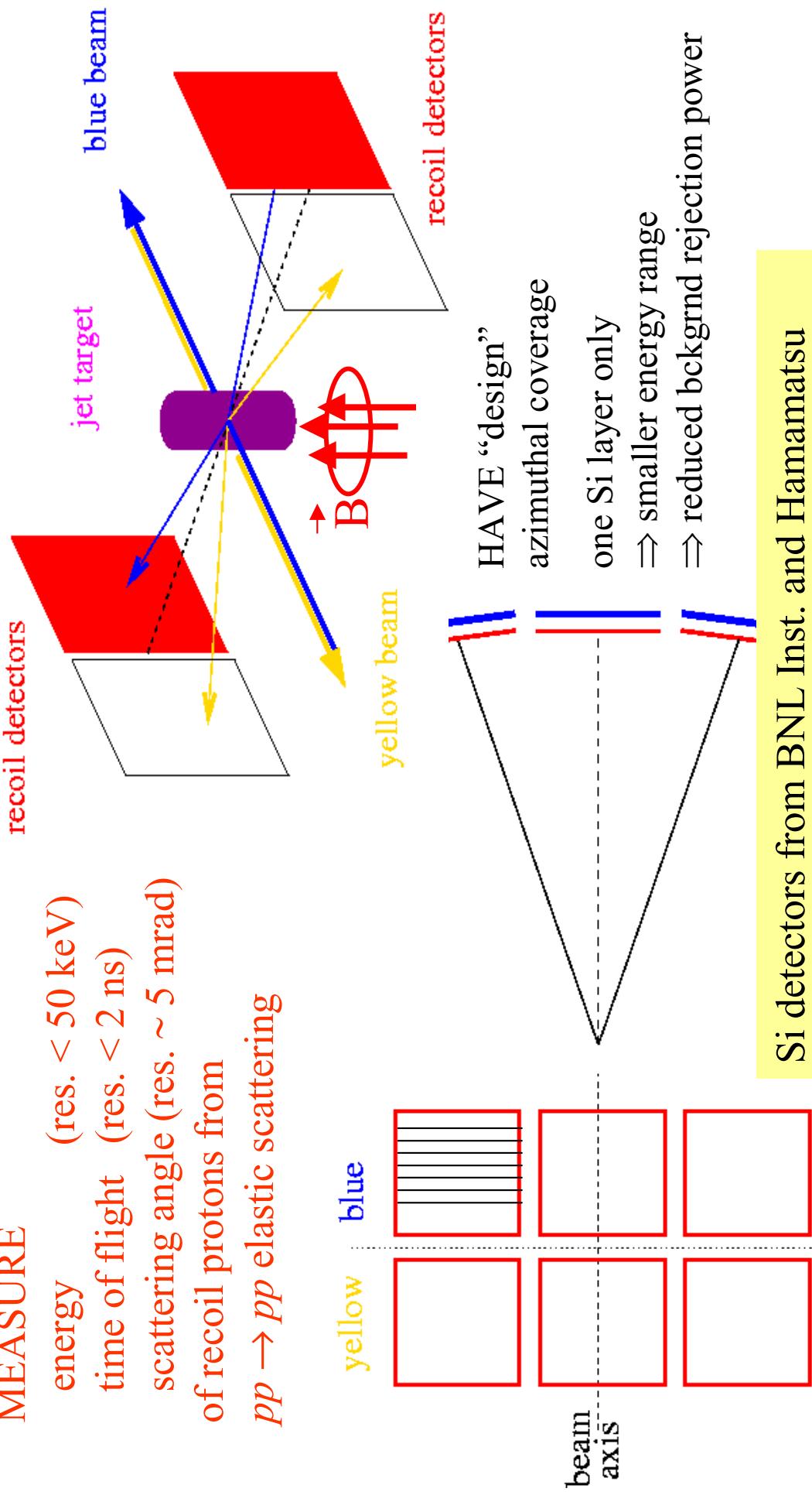
energy (res. < 50 keV)

time of flight (res. < 2 ns)

scattering angle (res. \sim 5 mrad)

of recoil protons from

$pp \rightarrow pp$ elastic scattering



Si detectors from BNL Inst. and Hamamatsu
Electronics developed by BNL Inst. and Physics

72 x 64 mm²

Data acquisition with WFD (Wave Form Digitizer)

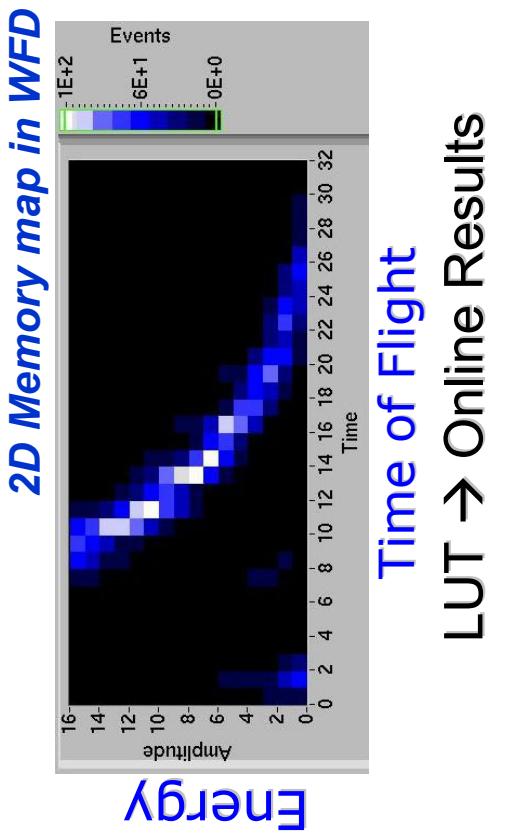
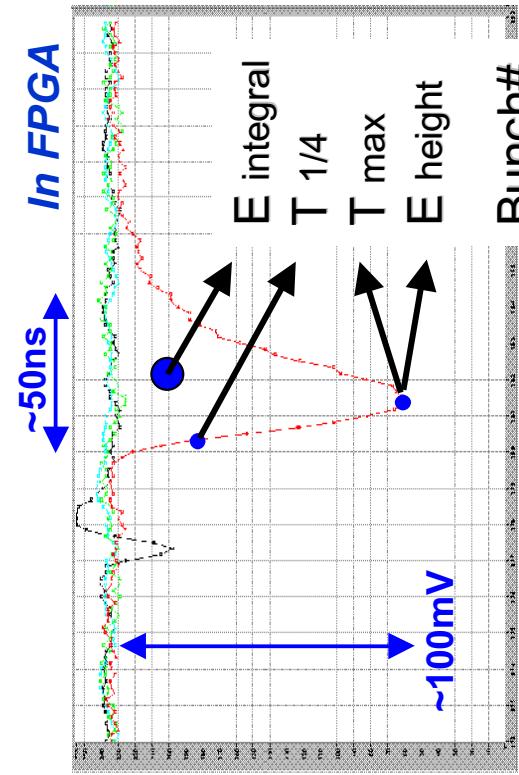
CNI polarimeter is **destructive** for beam

Dead time free DAQ system is indispensable

Characterize pulse with FPGA algorithm

$\Delta t \sim 1.2 \text{ nsec}$
 $dE \sim 50 \text{ keV}$

Sampling: $3 \times 140 \text{ MHz}$



Time of Flight

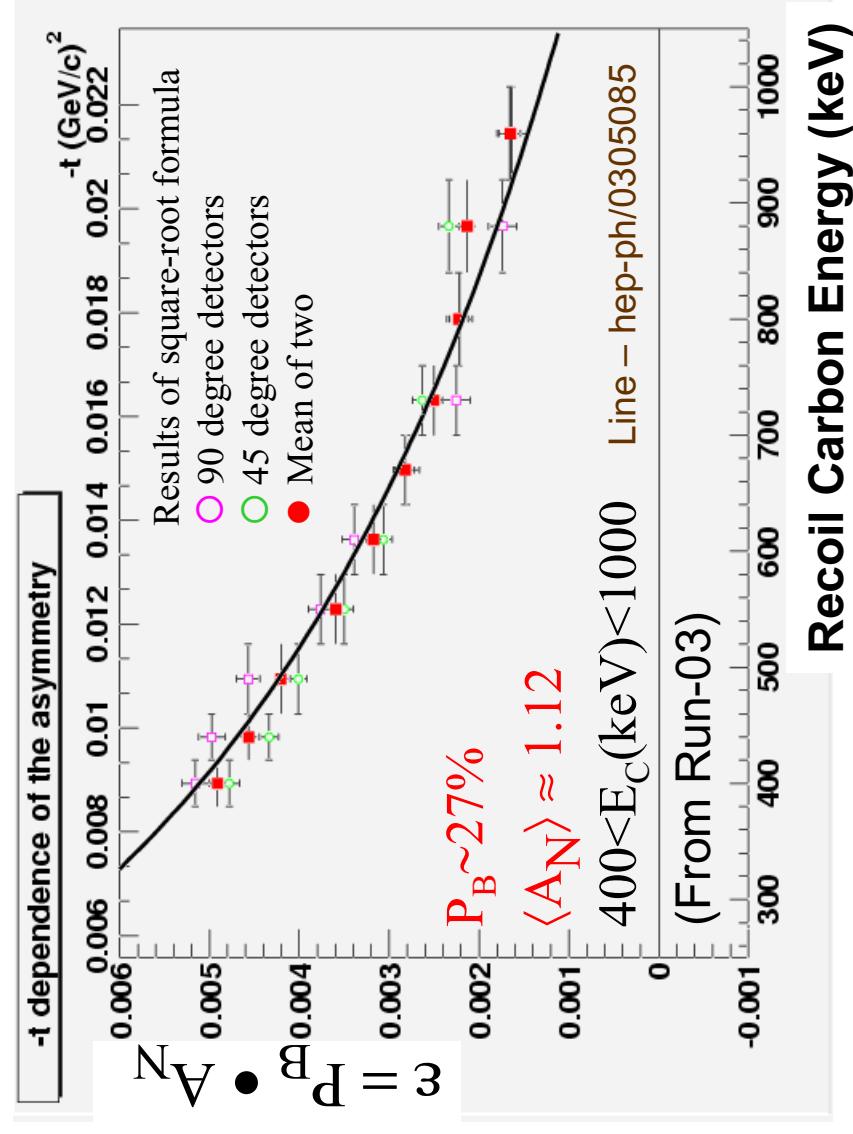
LUT \rightarrow Online Results

Data stored in onboard memory
Synchronized to accelerator clock

Data Readout

- After Measurement (RHIC)
- Between Beam Injections (AGS)
- During Jet Polarization Flips (JET)

Raw asymmetry \rightarrow Polarization



$$P_{beam} = \frac{1}{\langle A_N \rangle} \cdot \epsilon_N$$

$$\langle A_N \rangle = \frac{\sum N(t_i) A_N^{th}(t_i)}{\sum N(t_i)}$$

$A_N^{th}(t)$: Theoretical function fit to E950 data

L. Trueman hep-ph/0305085

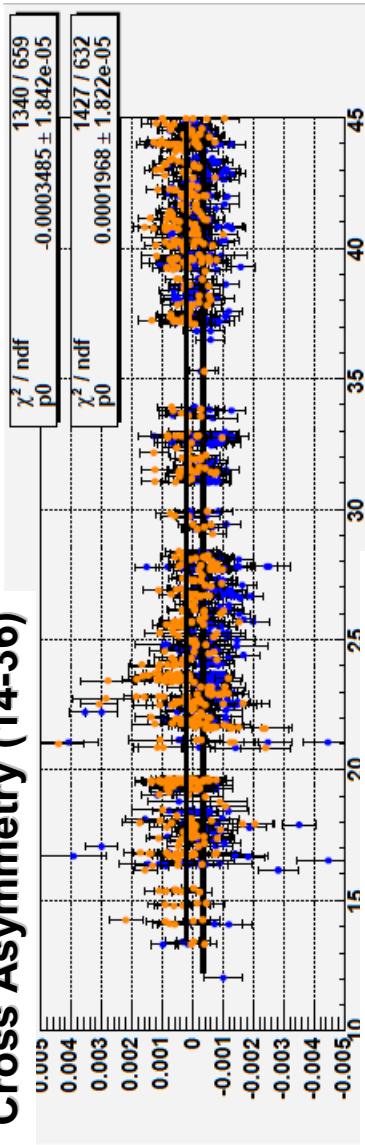
$N(t)$: Cross section curve from data

- $\langle A_N \rangle$ compensates the difference in acceptance, S/N between polarimeters
- Asymmetry calculation with Square-Root Formula

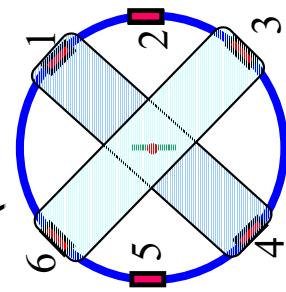
Recent results from Run-04

RHIC... False asymmetries (*online systematic*)

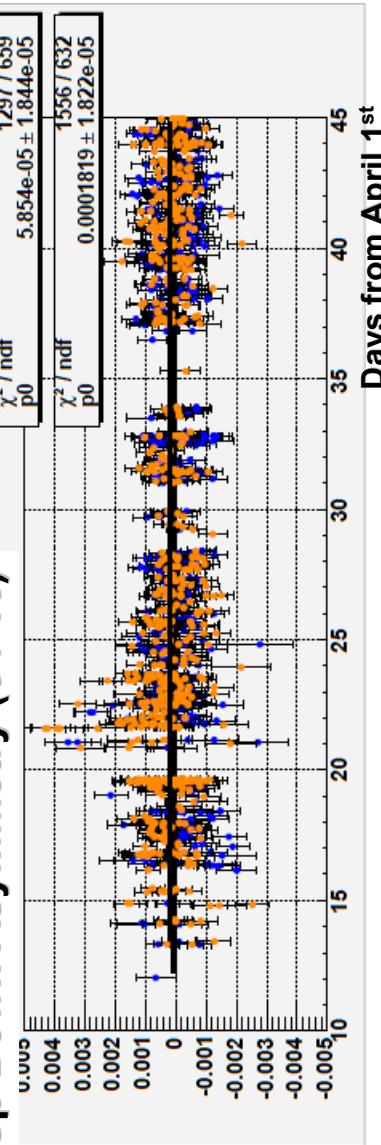
Cross Asymmetry (14-36)



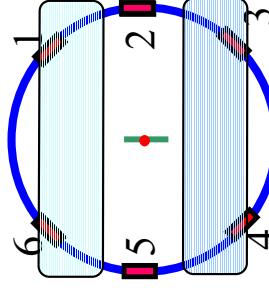
Cross (Forbidden)



Up-Down Asymmetry (34-16)



Up-Down (Radial component)



(unit in P)

BLUE

YELLOW

- Small false asymmetries

Cross asym.

-2.2%

1.2%

- Very stable

Up-Down asym.

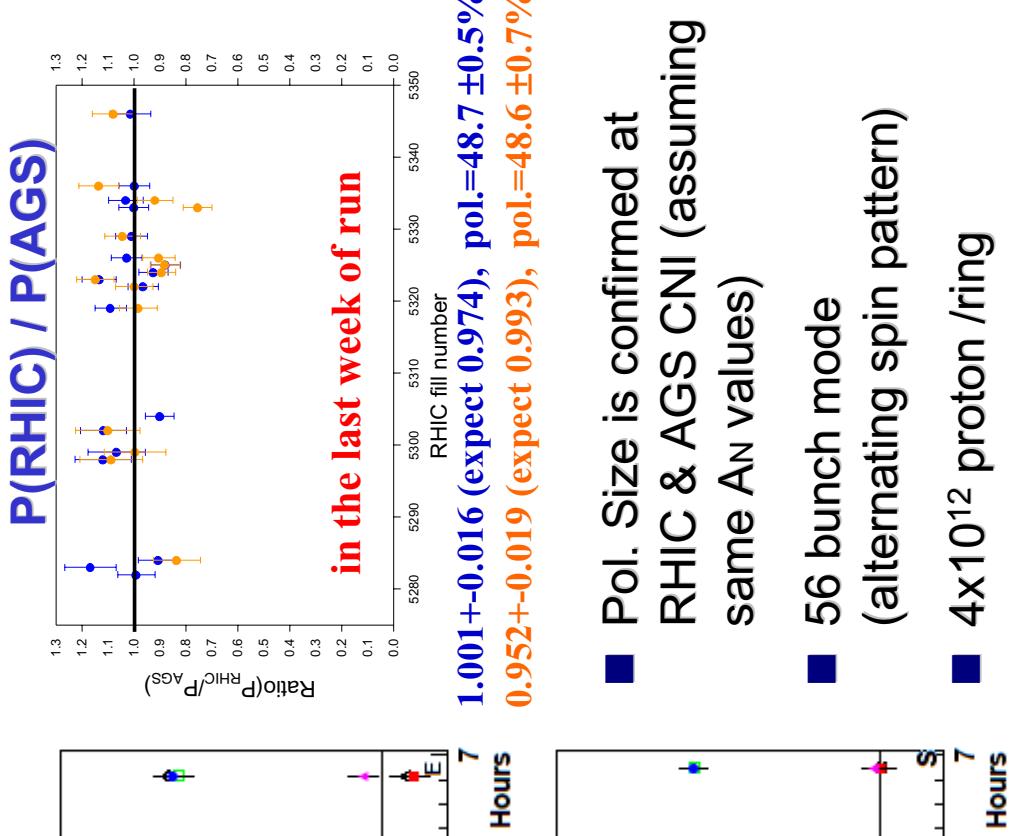
0.4%

1.1%

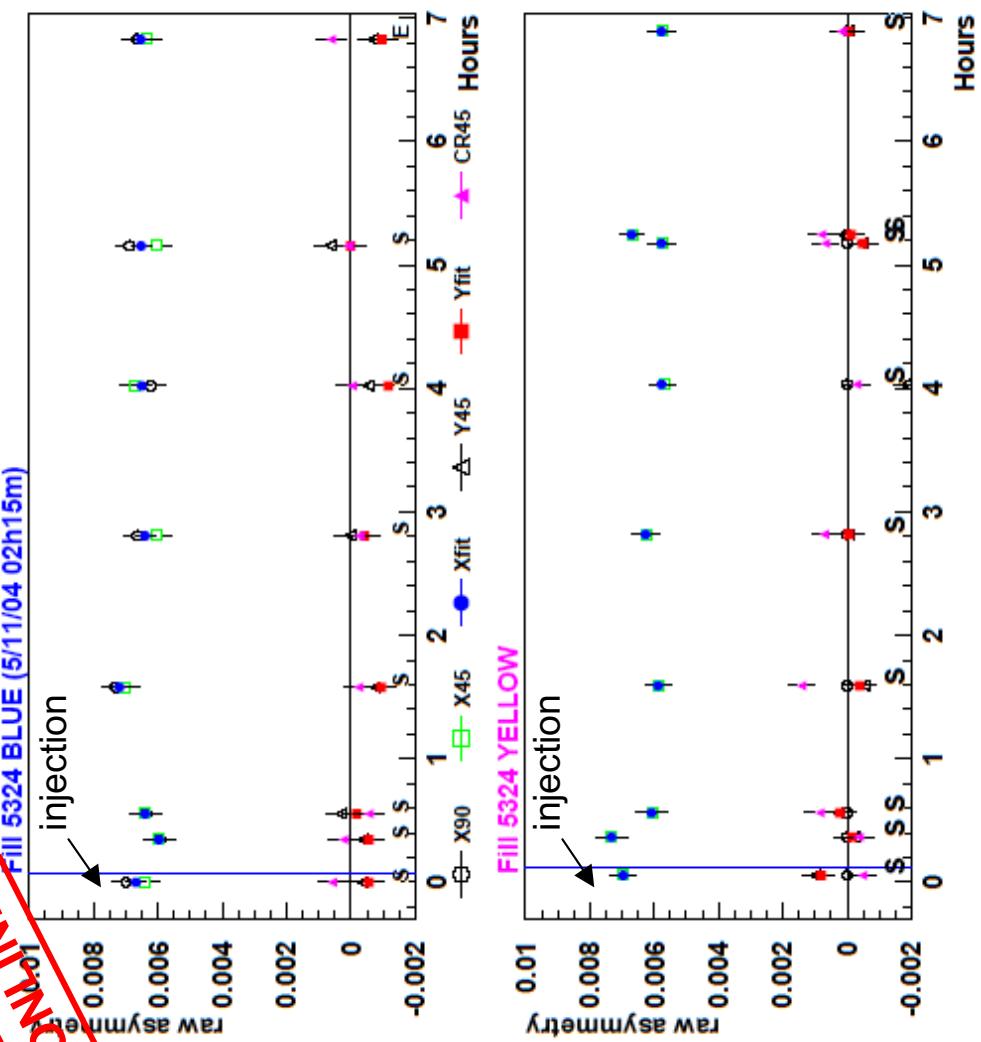
- Very clean

RHIC... CNI measurements *within* a fill

ONLINE



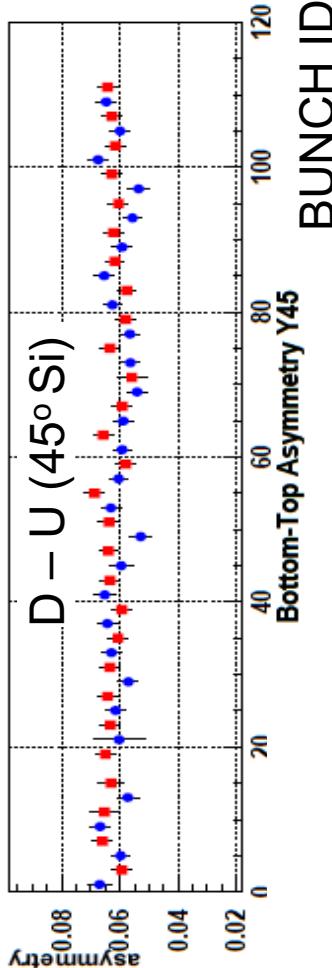
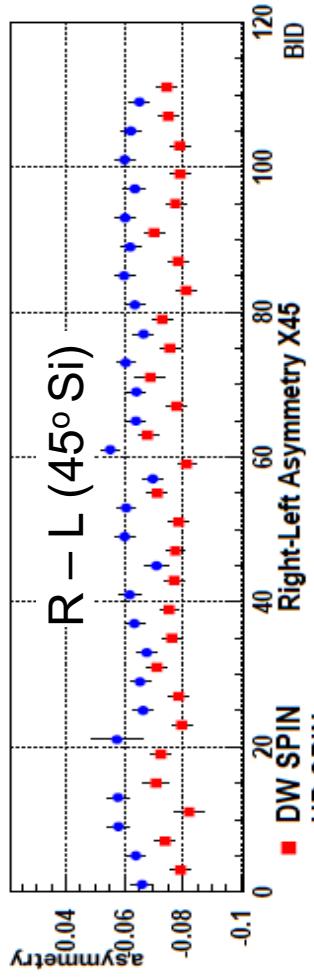
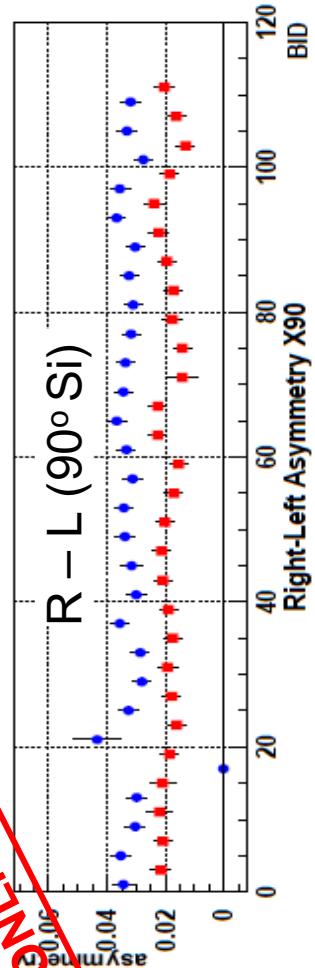
- Pol. Size is confirmed at RHIC & AGS CNI (assuming same A_N values)
- 56 bunch mode (alternating spin pattern)
- 4×10^{12} proton /ring



RHIC... Bunch by bunch Asymmetry

ONLINE

RUN 5324.008 P=0.409+0.019



Simple Left-Right asymmetry

$$\varepsilon(i) = -\frac{N_L^{(i)} - N_R^{(i)}}{N_L^{(i)} + N_R^{(i)}}$$

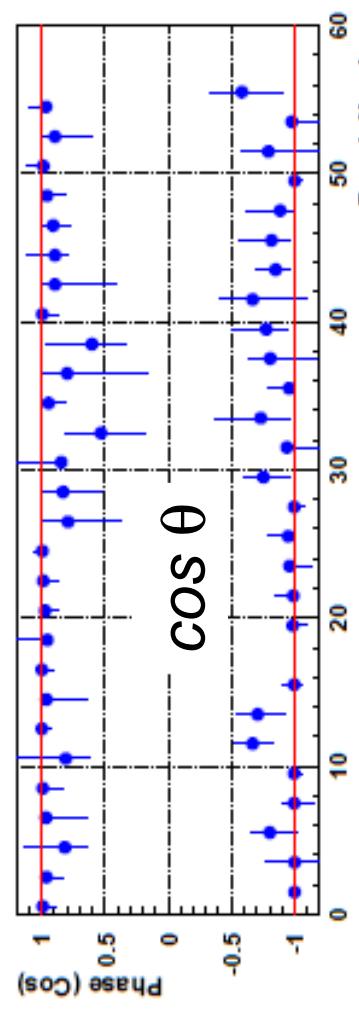
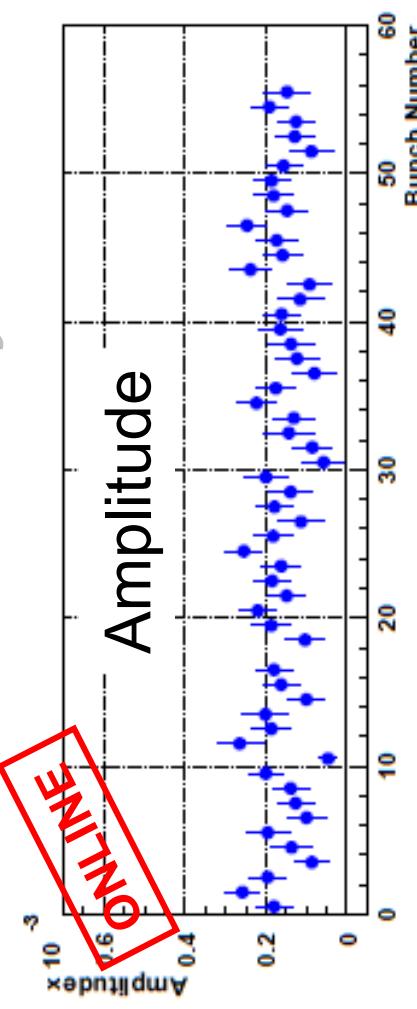
recoil detection

- + / - bunches clear separation

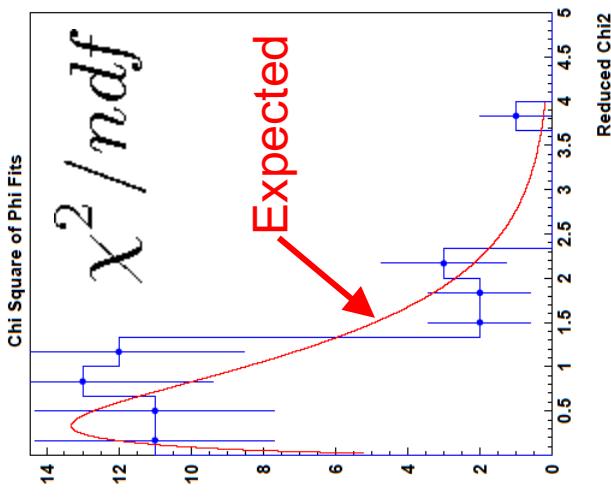
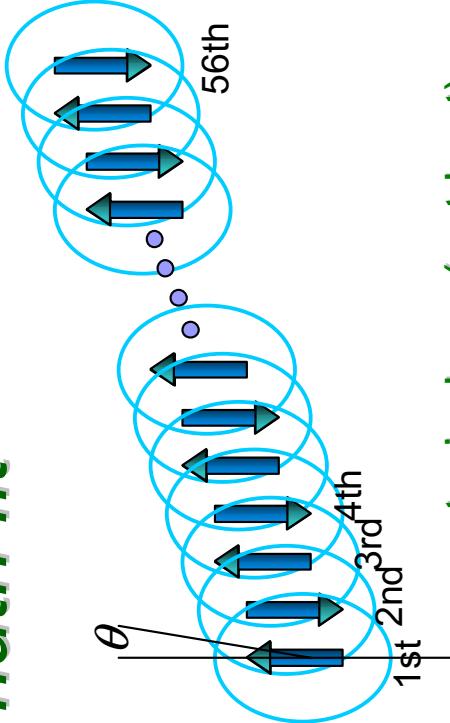
- Luminosity / Acceptance asymmetry stable

typical run (not best)

RHIC... bunch by bunch azimuth fit



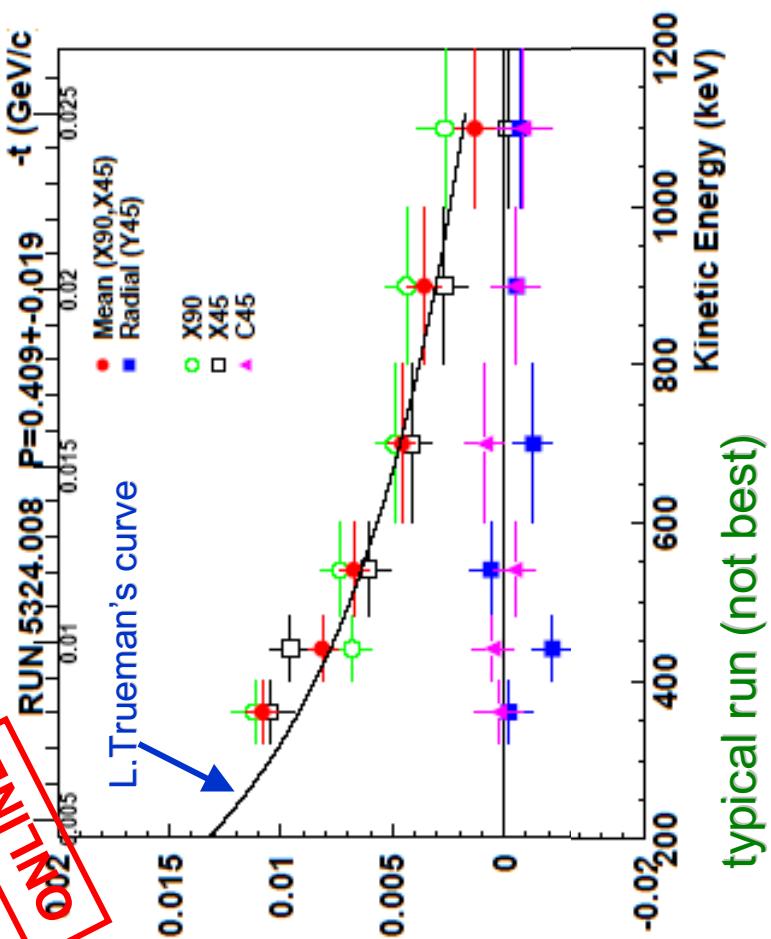
typical run (not best)



- Bunch by bunch polarization fit feasible

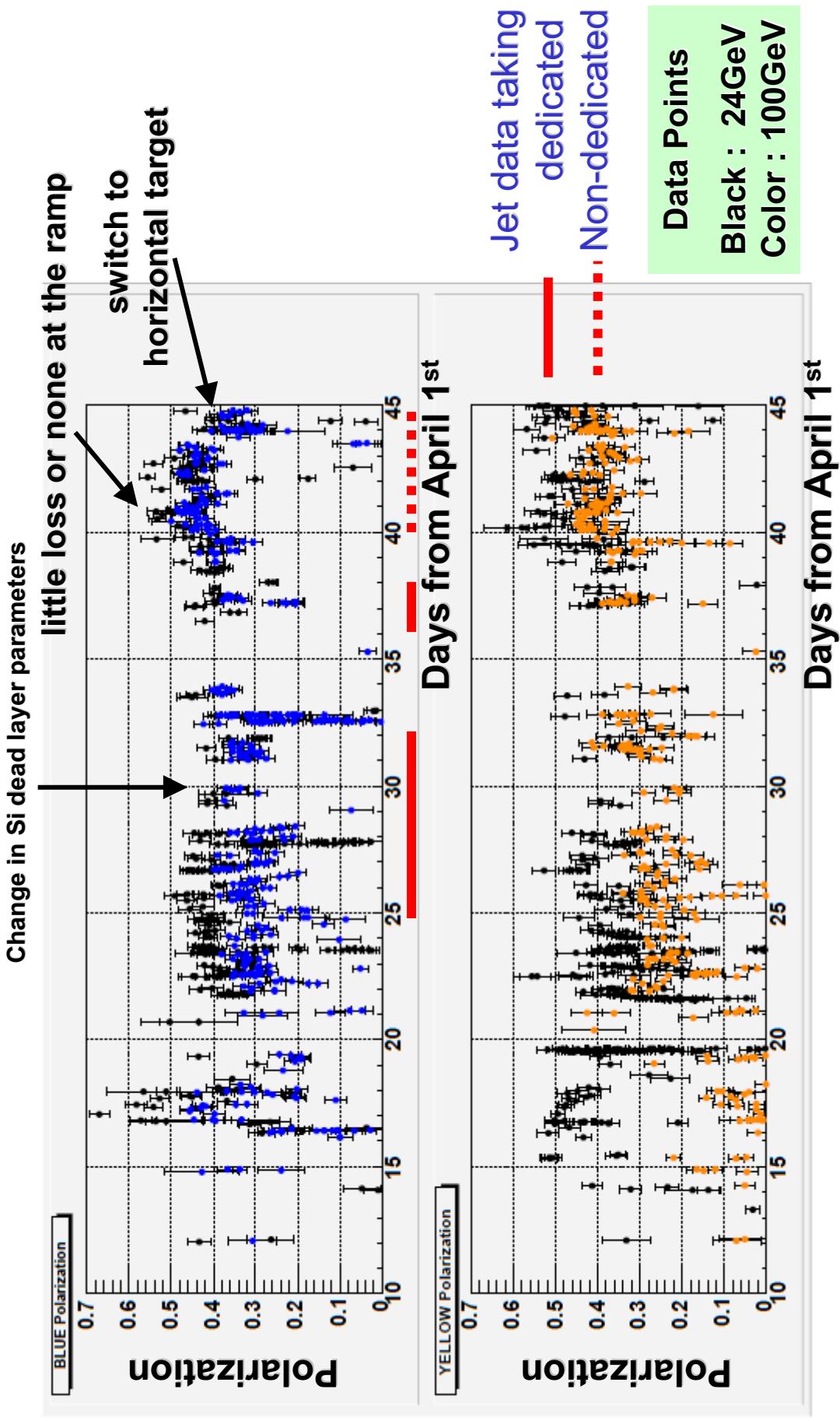
RHIC... - t dependence

ONLINE



- $-t$ dependence follows theoretical model
- False asymmetries (Cross, Radial) are clean
- Physics asymmetries 90°, 45° agree

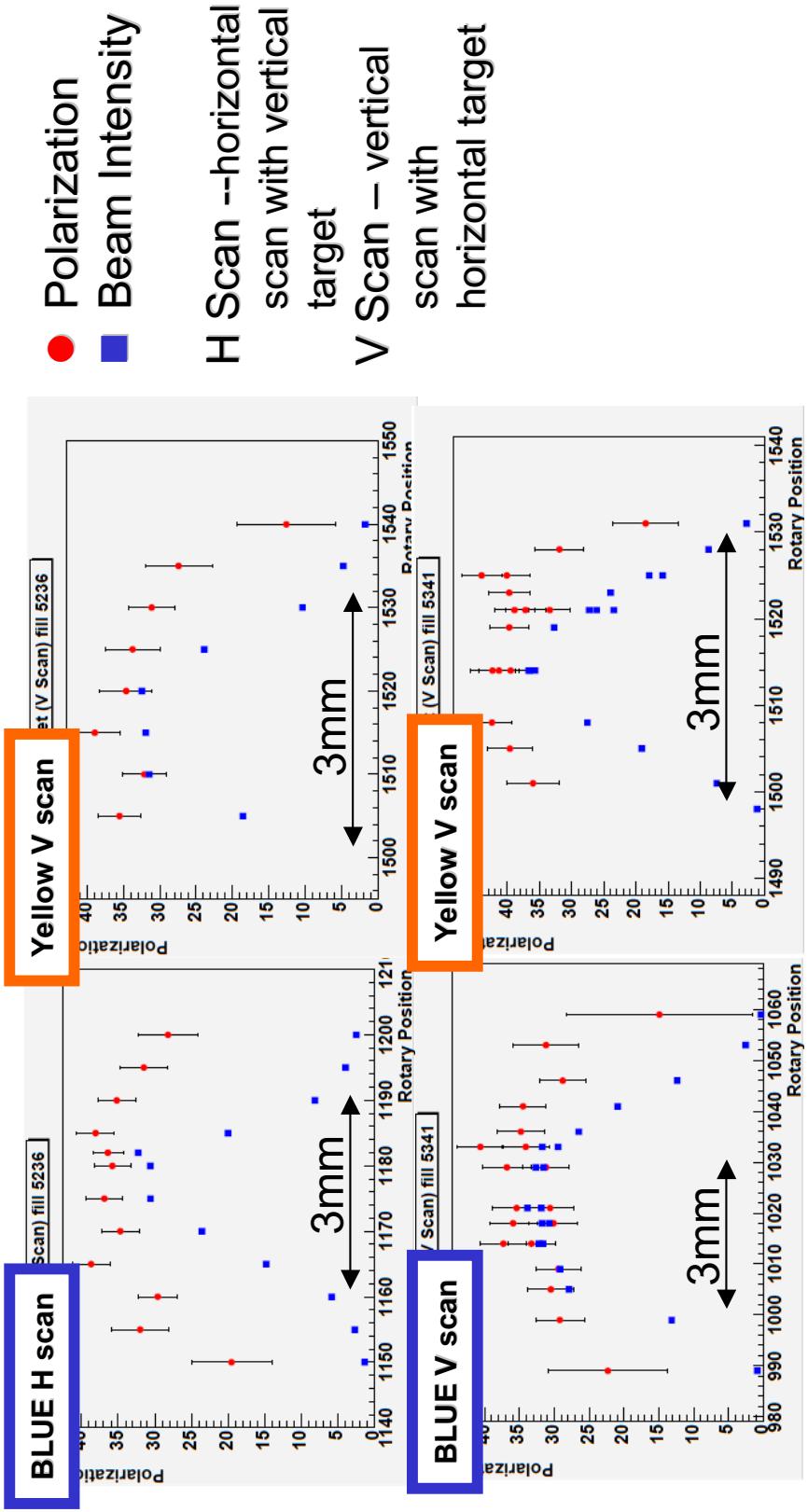
RHIC... Polarization history in $\bar{p}p$ run-04



7/20/2004

RadLab colloquium

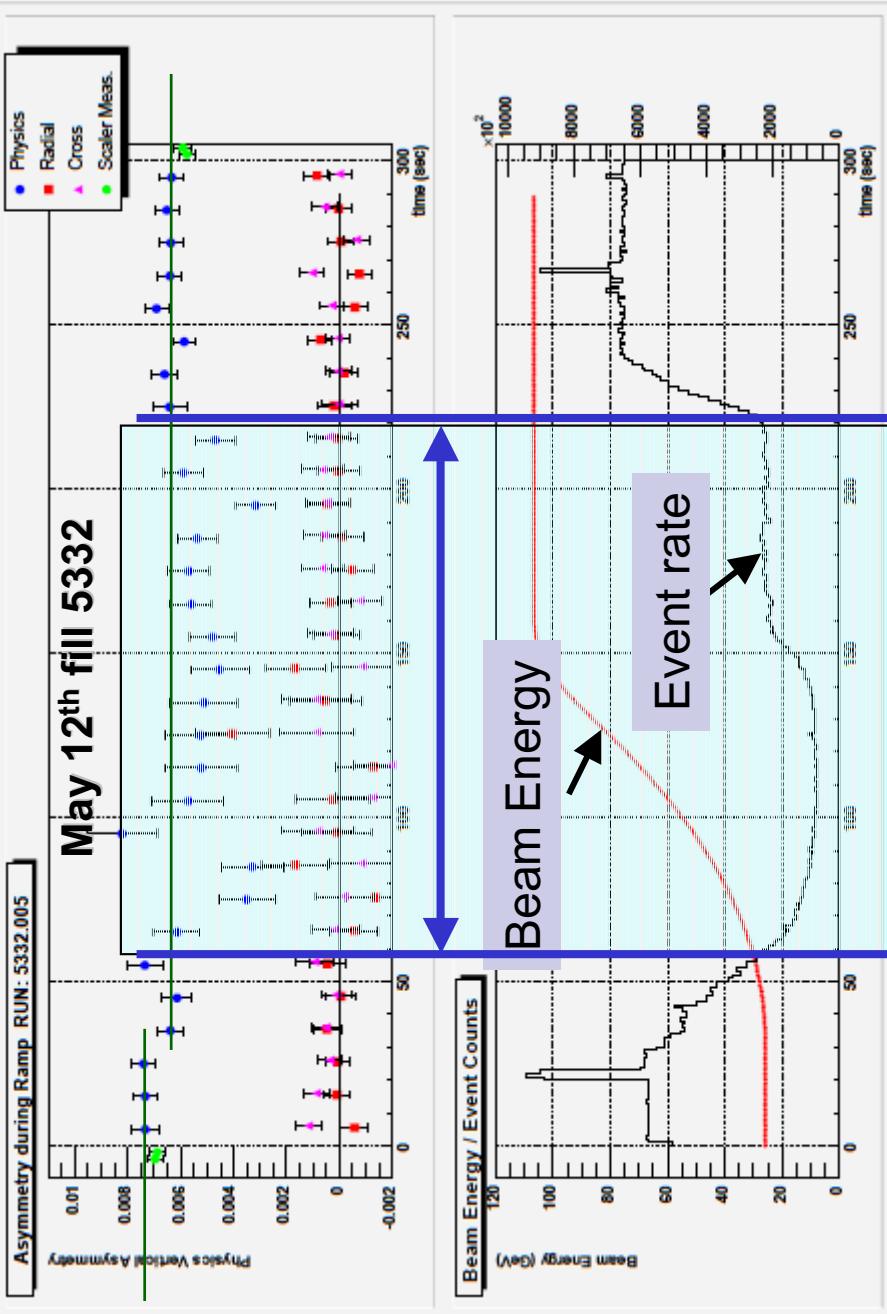
RHIC... Issues on polarization profile



- Large polarization profile in vertical (small profile in horizontal)
- Observed position dependent fluctuation in pol measurements

RHIC... Ramp measurements

the last and the best one

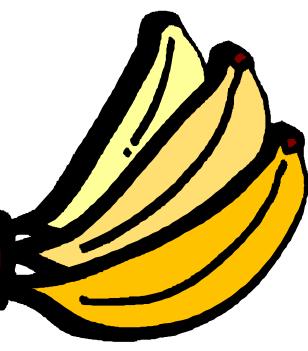
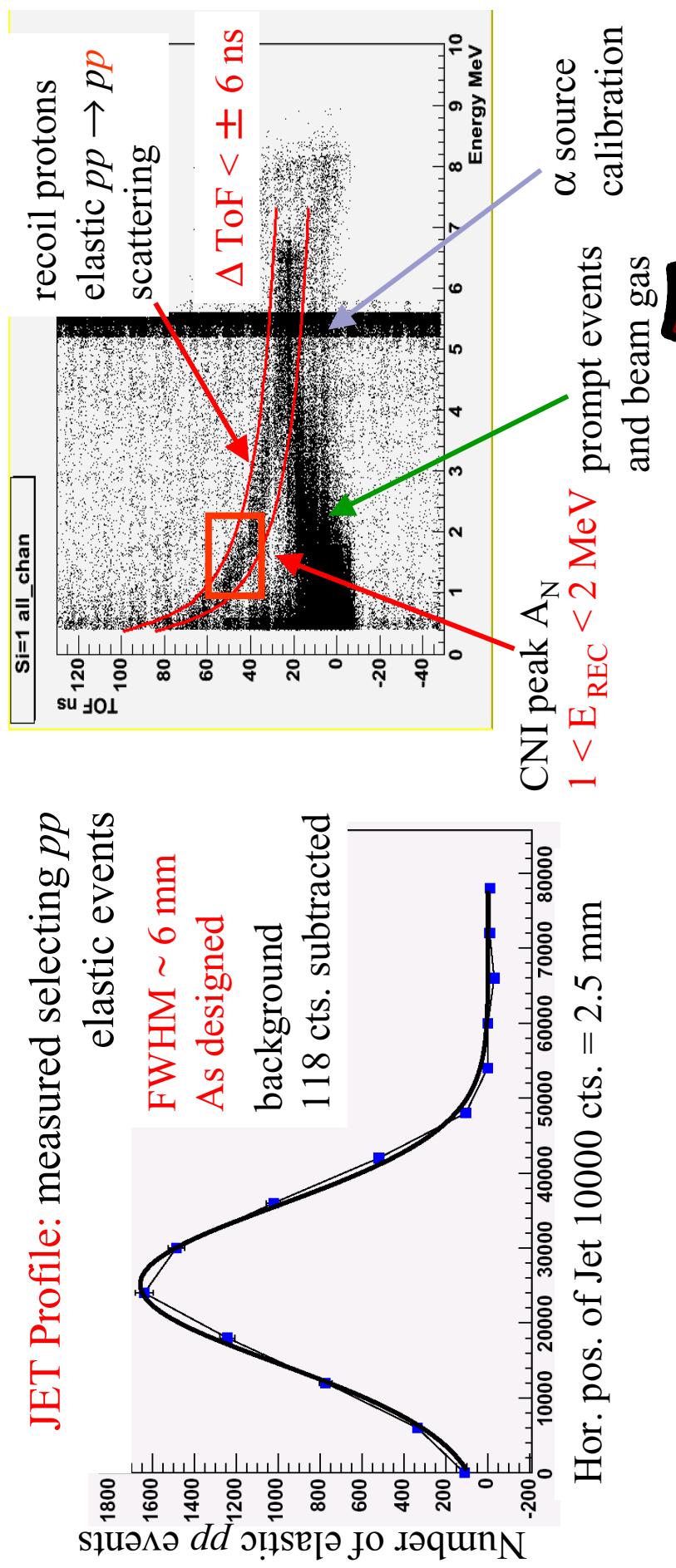


- 5 ramp measurements taken in Run-04 (Fill: [5159](#), [5169](#), [5170](#), [5199](#), [5332](#))

- Larger on-board memory, larger statistics
- All of them suffered large profile effects due to the beam motion along the ramp
- Found the depolarization point prior to the energy ramp (200MHz RF cavity magnet ramp)

JET ... $p\bar{p}$ elastic data collected

$$\text{ToF vs } E_{\text{REC}} \text{ correlation} \\ T_{\text{kin}} = \frac{1}{2} M_R (\text{dist}/\text{ToF})^2$$

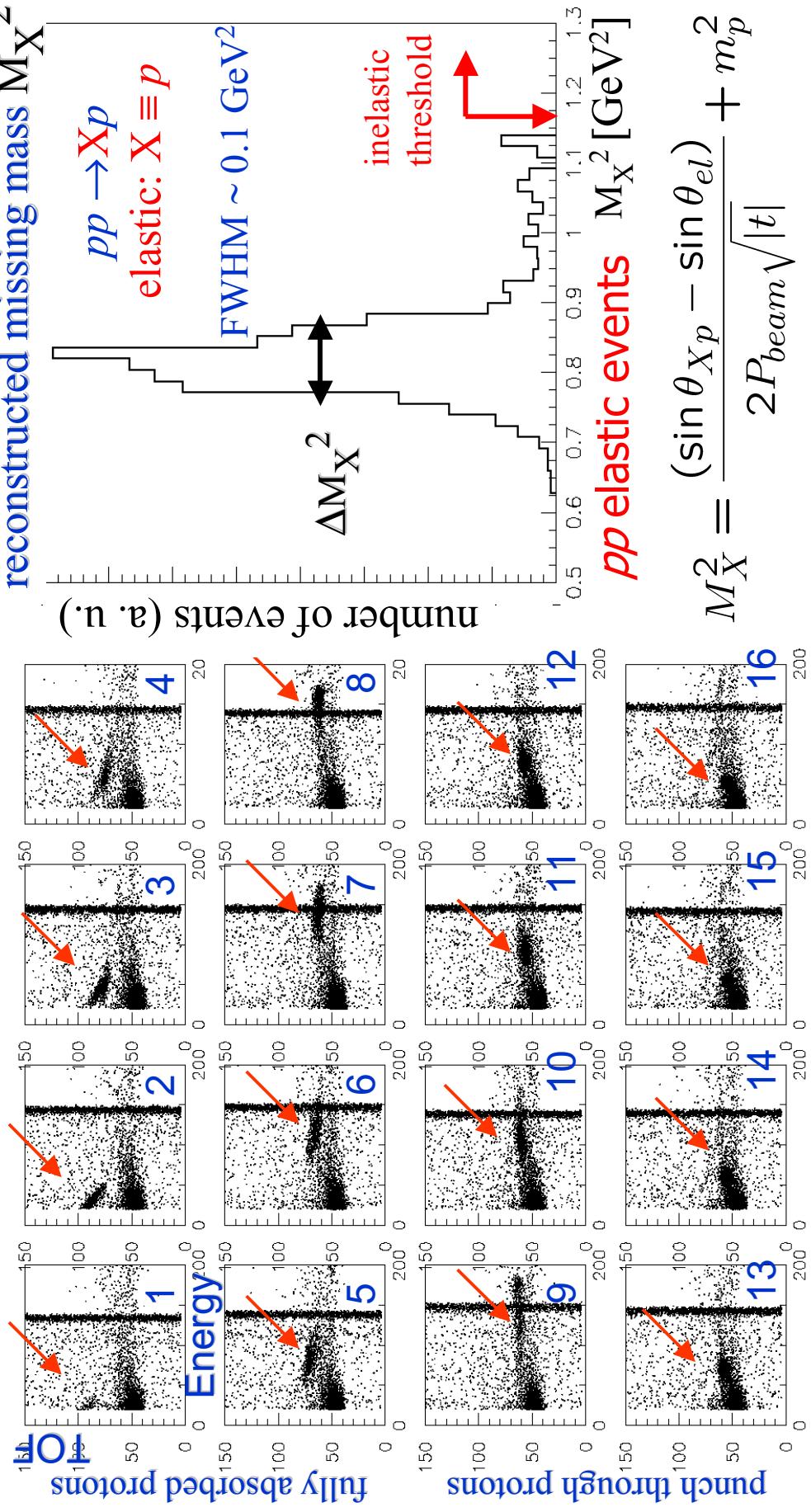


- recoil protons unambiguously identified !

- 100 GeV $\sim 700,000$ events at the peak of A_N ~ 100 hours ($\sim 2 \times 10^6$ total useful $p\bar{p}$ elastic events)
- 24 GeV $\sim 120,000$ events at the peak of A_N ~ 17 hours ($\sim 4 \times 10^5$ total useful $p\bar{p}$ elastic events)

JET... Energy - Position correlations

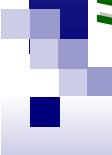
$$\Gamma_{\text{kin}} \propto \theta^2 \text{ (i.e. position}^2)$$



TDC vs ADC individual channels

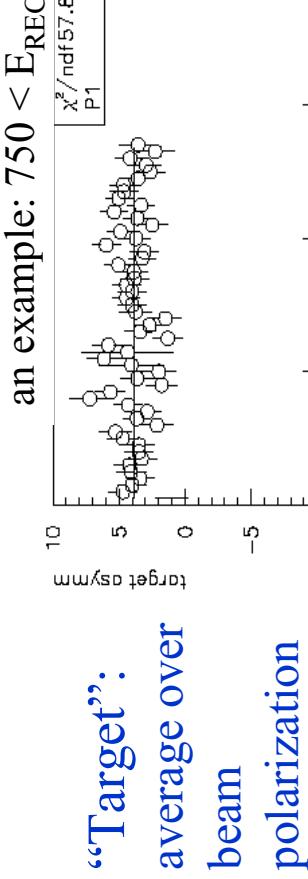
7/20/2004

RadLab colloquium

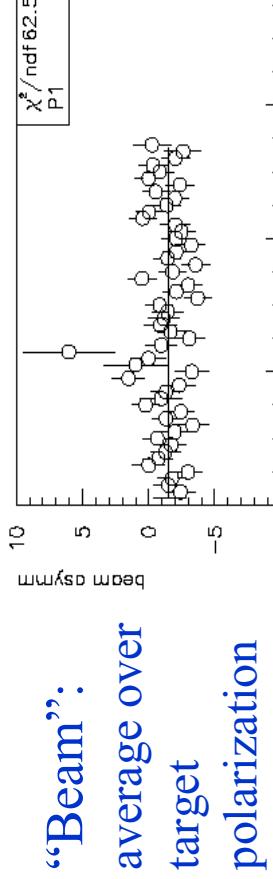


JET... "ONLINE" measured asymmetries & Results

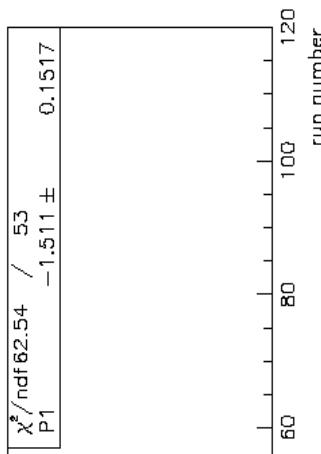
data divided into 3 recoil energy bins



1 run \sim 1 hour
blue beam with alternating bunch
polarizations: $\uparrow\downarrow\uparrow\downarrow\uparrow\downarrow\ldots$



good uniformity from run to run
(stable JET polarization)
JET polarization reversed
each ~ 5 min.



$$P_{\text{beam}} = 36.9\% \pm 1.9\%$$

$$\langle P_{\text{beam}}(pC\text{ CNI}) \rangle = 38.1\%$$

No major surprises ?

Issues and Plans

Important issue for the systematic (-t determination)

- t is estimated from recoil Carbon energy

$$-t = 2M_C E_{elastic}$$

$$E_{elastic} = E_{deposit} + \Delta E_{target} + \Delta E_{deadlayer}$$

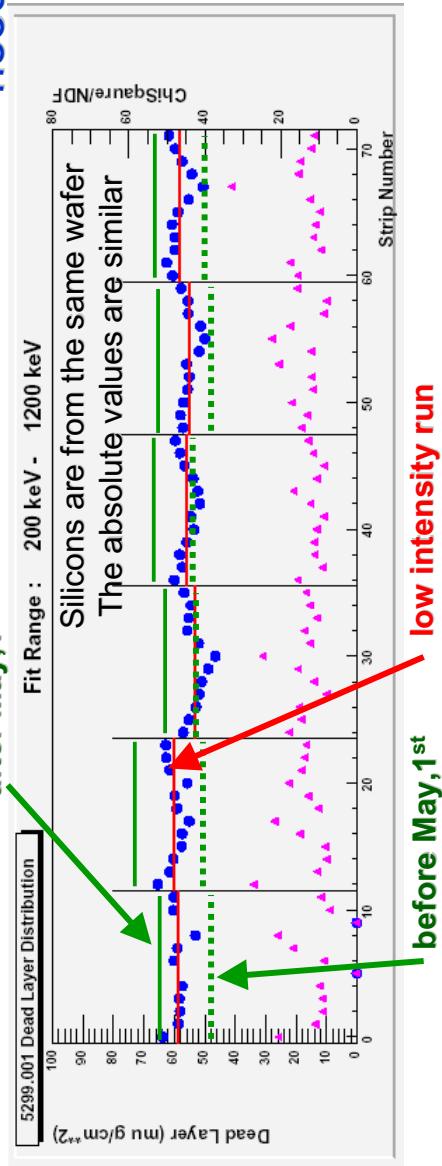
$$(\Delta E_{target} \sim 0.1 \times \Delta E_{deadlayer})$$

- Estimation with kinetic fit to banana

$$T_{of}(ns) = \sqrt{\frac{M_C}{2}} \frac{Distance}{\sqrt{E_{elastic}}} + t_0$$

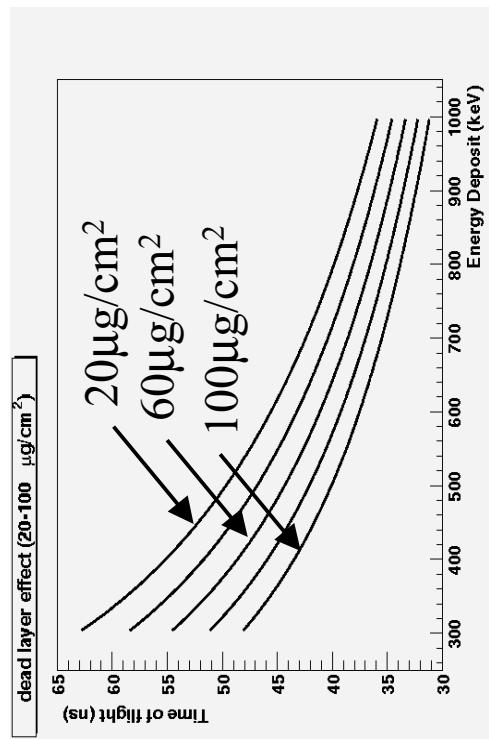
$$E_{elastic} = f(E_{deposit}, D_{width})$$

after May, 1st

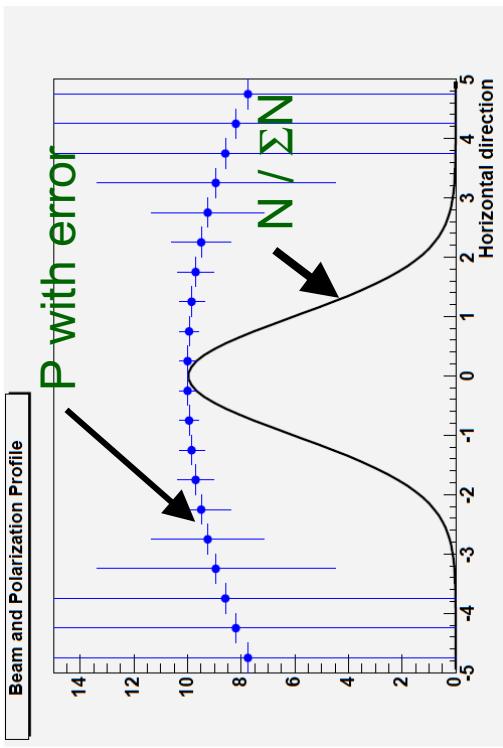


Once the dead layer issue solved,
the jet-measurements will not be
needed anymore ...

IF NOT, calibration needed
every year



In order to be *Insensitive to Polarization Profile* (For stable and robust CNI measurements)



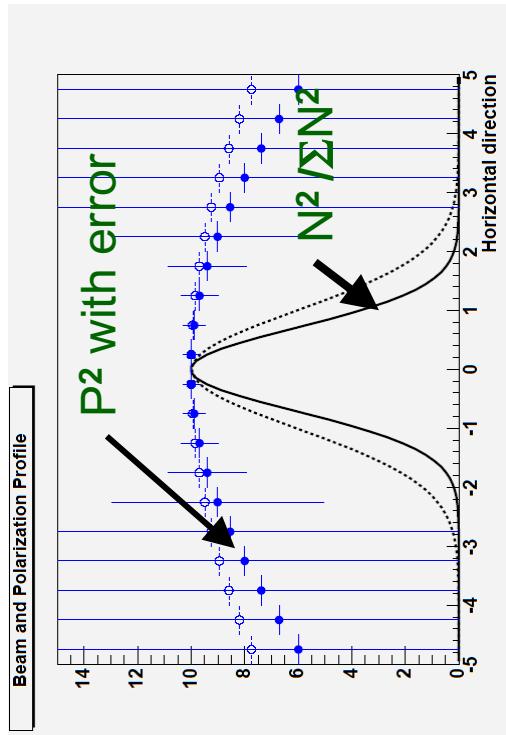
- Definition of P differs in measurements
 - 1) pC CNI samples one point
 - 2) pp -Jet target covers whole beam profile

$$\bar{P} = \sum_x N(x) P(x) / \sum_x N(x)$$

- 3) Experiments head-on collisions

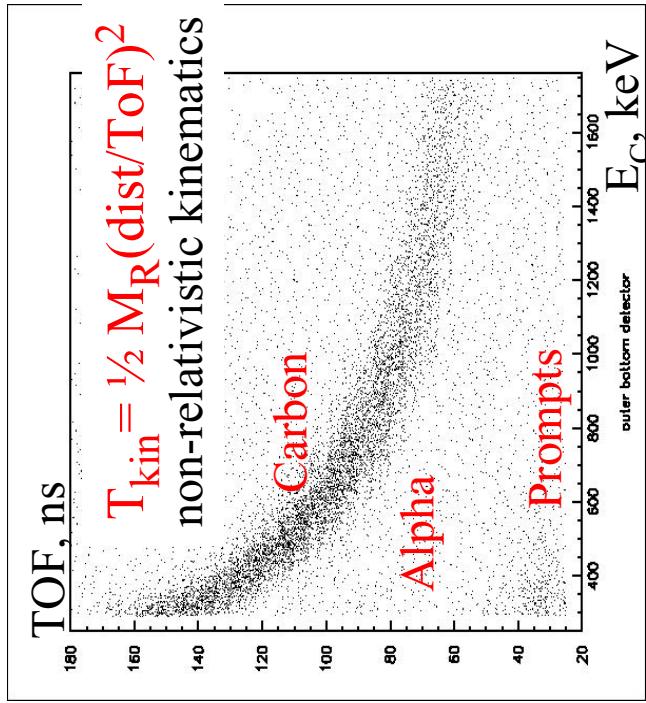
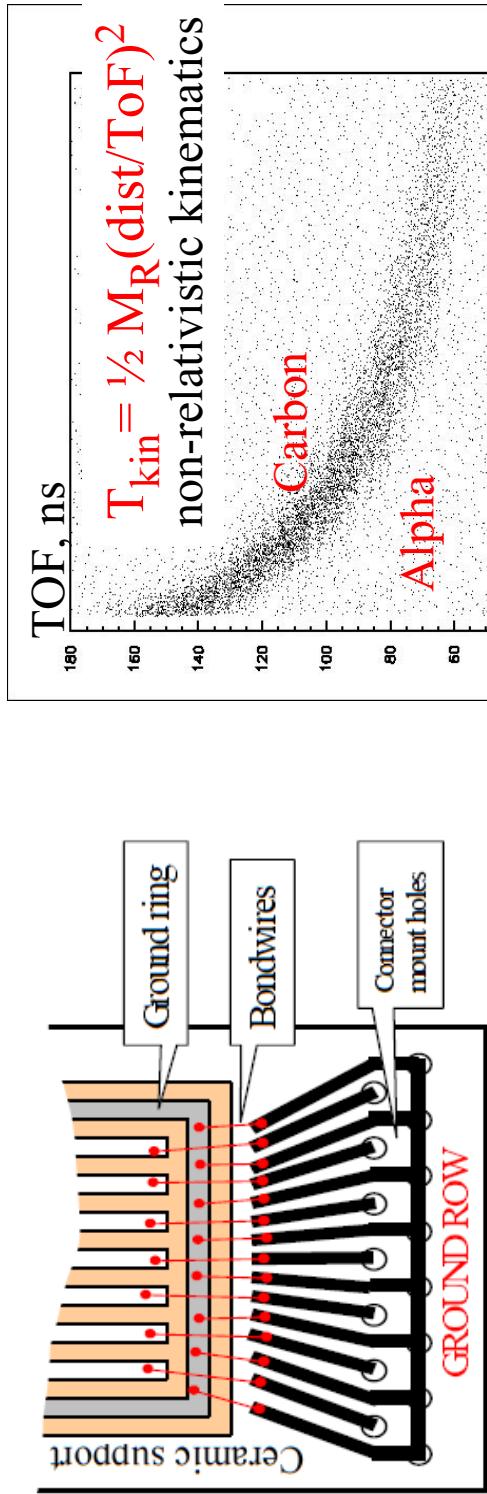
$$\bar{P} = \sqrt{\sum_x (N(x) P(x))^2 / \sum_x (N(x))^2}$$

- The idea is to move the target across the beam in steps during regular runs
 - Online results \rightarrow 2)
 - Offline results \rightarrow 1), 2), 3)



Induced current free silicon design

No More Beam Induced Pickups...



**NO BEAM CHARGE
INDUCED SIGNAL !!
(Up to $2 \cdot 10^{11}$ p/bunch)**

■ To apply for RHIC CNI

- new vacuum ports
 - new detector mounts (ceramics)
 - R&D on the glue for the vacuum
 - new RF shields
 - add coolers
- New improvement in AGS CNI
 - every second wire is ground line, from edge to edge.
 - wide range of $-t$ is available
 - able to open the time window to very close to the beam crossing

Expected results

- Results on

- $\rho\rho A_N$ at 24GeV, 100GeV ... shape and value
(including CNI peak) by H.Okada(Kyoto)
- pC A_N at 24GeV, 100GeV ... shape and value

Constraint on r_5

will be presented at JPS(Sep.), Spin2004(Oct.)

Summary

- Successful Jet-target commissioning done
- Calibration from online result looks consistent with calibration by E950
- Efforts on extracting pP , pC AN are in progress
- Final goal $\Delta P/P = 5\%$ will be obtained in run-05